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PENSION LAW DEFECTS.

General Bussey Calls Attention to Them in His Annual Report.

MONEY PAID WRONGFULLY

There Is at Present No Proper Provision to Enforce Its Repayment, and Legislation to That End Is Recommended. Provisions for Idiotic Children.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The annual report of General Cyrus Bussey, the assistant secretary of the interior, has been received by Secretary Noble. It deals exclusively with the work of the board of pension appeals, of which the assistant secretary has direct charge, and with the purchase of Indian supplies at the government warehouse in New York.

The report shows that on July 1, 1891, there were 5,030 appealed pension cases on file with the board, and that this number on June 30, 1892, had been reduced to 4,349. There were 4,258 appeals filed during the year. Of the 4,939 cases acted upon during the year the decision of the commissioner was sustained in 3,865. Action was reversed in 464 cases, 201 were dismissed and 409 cases were reconsidered by the commissioner pending an appeal.

In his discussion of the pension laws General Bussey calls attention to several defects in pension legislation. As an instance of such defects, he says that from an early date in the history of our pension system there have prevailed, under different administrations, conflicting opinions as to the power to enforce the reimbursement of money paid in excess for pensions in conformity with either inaccurate or illegal certificates, issued through mistakes, either of fact or of law, in the adjudication of claims by the bureau of pensions, and, consequently, in the absence of a clear legal provision on the subject the government, having no authority to plead a past overpayment as an offset to current payments of pension, has been compelled to submit to serious losses of money, which, having been once improperly paid either to claimants or pensioners, were irrecoverable under any established rule of departmental practice. The commissioner says:

Rerating.

"A memorable illustration of this fact was given in a large number of applications for rerating and for increase that were filed in the bureau of pensions during the years 1887, 1888 and 1889, upon which considerable sums of money were paid improperly to certain pensioners by the authority of the commissioner in violation of both law and practice, but without either the knowledge or the consent of the secretary—losses for which there should have been a reimbursement of the treasury under the same law in pursuance of which the pension itself was granted.

"The means employed, whether by claimants or attorneys, to procure these excessive allowances will not be here discussed, but the evil itself confronts the department, and the need for a legal remedy is emphasized not only by consideration of justice to the great mass of honest pensioners, but by the proper requirements of the pension system. It is equivalent in its effects to a discrimination in favor of unlawful claims and claimants."

In order to supply a remedy he recommends that congress be requested to enact a law that shall expressly authorize the department to treat all improper, illegal and excessive payments of pensions, whether caused by fraud or by mistake, as prepayments, to be charged against the current pension with the view of readjusting or equalizing current pension payments within the discretion of the secretary. He continues:

"In the list of applications for widows' pension under section 3 of the act of June 27, 1890, my attention has been drawn to a number of cases wherein, according to the law, the claimant has been necessarily denied pension because the soldier on whose death the claim was based, although serving 'ninety days or more in the army or navy' as shown by the evidence, had not been 'honorably discharged' prior to death, but had died while, for instance, on individual furlough and absent from the technical line of duty in the service. It seems that both the spirit and the object of the act of June 27, 1890, would be emphasized and observed by an amendment of this section that would be applicable to such meritorious cases of dependence and distress, and I respectfully urge that such an amendment be adopted by congress."

Insane Children.

General Bussey renews the recommendation he made in his annual report of 1890 as to the third section of the act of June 27, 1890, which provides pensions for minor children who are "insane, idiotic or otherwise permanently helpless." He says:

"The clause properly provides that the pension granted to such children shall continue during the life of said child, or during the period of such disability, but under the law as it stands, in order that such children shall be pensioned during life, or during the period of such disability, it must appear that the father or the mother died prior to the expiration of the limit affixed to the pensionable minority period—viz., sixteen years of age, and therefore if, when the parent dies, the insane or idiotic or otherwise permanently helpless child is more than instead of under sixteen years of age, a minor's pension cannot be allowed. In view of this fact, I respectfully suggest that the act should be so amended as to admit all insane, idiotic or otherwise permanently helpless children to minors' pension, regardless of the date of the parent's death or remarriage, at any period prior to and including the age of twenty-one years.

"The experiences of the past year impel me now to further suggest that in cases of 'insane, idiotic or otherwise helpless children' of deceased pensioners, the pensionable age limit be abolished so as to admit such children at any date to the pension roll."

In concluding his report General Bussey says:

"I am gratified to be able to say that the pledge of the nation (expressed a century ago) that 'if any person, whether officer or soldier, militia or regular, called into the service of the United States be wounded or disabled while in actual service, he shall be taken care of and provided for at public expense,' has been redeemed with fidelity. In compliance with the provisions of the various pension laws, on June 30, 1892, there were borne on the pension rolls the names of 856,087 pensioners, 179,928 more pensioners than were carried on the same rolls at the end of the preceding fiscal year, and 457,050 more than were on the rolls June 30, 1887."

NEW DUTIES FOR TOWNSHIPS AND BOROUGH AUDITORS.

The new Baker Ballot Law has imposed a new duty upon townships and borough auditors. In the past these officers have had only the duty of auditing accounts in their township or borough. They now have the additional duty as prescribed in section 5 of the new law as follows:

"Certificates of nomination and nomination papers for candidates for township and borough officers and school directors in the same, shall be filed with the auditors of the respective townships and boroughs at least ten and seven days respectively before the day of election." This also introduces an important reform in the matter of holding nominating caucases in townships and boroughs. Heretofore these nominating conventions have been held at the farthest, two days before the election an evil which this paper in past years tried to have cured through it many times, competent men were defeated and uncompetent elected for the reason that the time was so short that the electors did not have a chance to give the matter a second thought, then the discontent caused by the defeat of pet men and projects had no time to cool down. Now under the above requirement of the law as above stated these caucuses will have to be held at least ten days or two weeks before election. The great advantage of this we are certain will after even one trial be apparent to every voter. The auditors will also have charge of the printing and distributing of the tickets as per section 13 of the law which says:

The county commissioners of each county shall cause all the ballots to be used therein to be printed, except for elections of officers of townships and boroughs and election officers and school directors in the same, the ballots for which shall be printed and distributed by the auditors who shall certify the cost of such printing and distribution to the county commissioners for payment as part of the county election expenses. The said commissioners and auditors shall ascertain the offices to be filled, and shall be responsible for the accurate printing of the ballots in accordance with this act and for the safe keeping of the same while in their posession or that of their subordinates or agents. So it will be seen that the audtiors have charge of printing the tickets which must be printed in the same form as were the tickets used at the late election. These officers should therefore acquaint themselves with all the detales of their new duties under the law as no doubt all Centre county auditors will do.

THE DECEMBER COSMOPOLITAN.

In view of the fact that Sir Edwin Arnold will very likely be the next poet-laureate, one turns with interest to his most entertaining article in the December Cosmopolitan on a "Japanese Watering Place." The same number contains seven portraits of Tennyson and interesting views of his late home and surroundings. Thomas Gorman has penetrated the mysteries of the silent trappists' monastery with a profane kodak; Murat Halstead discusses "Varieties of American Journalism;" The Cosmopolitan will mark its first edition of 150,000 copies—that for January—by the offer of 1000 free scholarships. In return for introducing the Cosmopolitan into certain neighborhoods the Cosmopolitan offers to any young man or woman free tuition, board, lodging and laundry at Yale, Vassar, Harvard, or any of the leading colleges, schools of art, music, medicine, or science. They send out a pamphlet on application telling how to obtain one of these free scholarships.

—Joseph Jordan, of Aaronsburg, is the oldest citizen of Harris township, having reached his eighty-eighth birthday on Nov. 17. He was born in Leacock township, Lancaster county, in 1804. He went to Union county with his parents at the age of 16. When 24 years of age he made Penn Hall his home, where he bought a farm. Since then he has not moved beyond the limits of Centre and Clinton counties. Of late his health has been feeble though his mind is very clear.

ANNIE BESANT ARRIVES

The Famous Student of Theosophy Comes to Lecture Us.

She Parted from Her Clerical Husband on the Question of Religion and Has Made Fame as the Champion of Unpopular Ideas and Causes.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Mrs. Annie Besant, atheist, pantheist, socialist, editor, essayist, educator, humanitarian, the latest and greatest convert to esoteric Buddhism of the decade, and perhaps the most remarkable woman in England, has arrived in this city. Mrs. Besant will deliver lectures about the country on "Death and—After?" and on hypnotism, mesmerism and Theosophy. Of this noted woman William Stead, editor of The Review of Reviews, says:

"Annie Besant is one of the most remarkable English women of the apostolic type of this generation."

A slight error as to nationality in this may be forgiven, for Mrs. Besant is an Irish woman. She is forty-three years of age, and early in life married a Rev. Besant, brother of the novelist. Her maiden name was Wood. Her grandfather was really the efficient cause for the birth upon English soil of the queen of England. He paid the debts of the notorious Duke of Kent, the queen's father, thus permitting the return of that noble and his wife to England in time to have the birth of the future ruler occur in Britain instead of in Germany.

MRS. ANNIE BESANT.

In appearance Annie Besant is what her nature is—that is, an enthusiast of the type that will not give up its ideal even though she might alter the means by which she should strive for its accomplishment. Upon her brow are the marks of care and thought—not the lines of hunger nor of hardships, but of mental struggles; those lines, too, that come from seeing the poverty and misery of others and trying to relieve them; the marks which will show themselves in one who is unjustly attacked, who fights for a forlorn hope, who had been stabbed in the heart by those who are servers of time.

Her Break from the Church.

Her early life led directly to the stand she took—first, against all the religion of the churches, and, second, when she became a Theosophist and pointed out that while never a church woman she had always been religious—holding that true religion is in deed and aspiration and not in belief. Brought up in the English church and married to a clergyman, she soon drew a natural comparison between the pure and undefiled religion taught by Jesus and the absolutely different thing called Christianity taught to her and practiced by her friends.

Then a terrible illness came to her second child, and in her mind grew up the feeling that God had been torturing the baby; then resentment followed. This agony of mind brought on a severe illness, and when she recovered she began to examine one by one the dogmas of the church, all of which, one by one, she gave up as untenable. These convictions kept her away from communion, and this was followed by separation from her husband. Subsequently she obtained a legal separation from him on the ground of his cruelty.

Then a struggle began. She had to help her mother; her children were taken away from her on the English plea that a mother who did not hold to the religion of her husband could not have the children. But notably, as soon as the legal discretion of the children permitted, they of their own accord came to her.

Her labors in the cause of those who are oppressed in mind and body were endless. She worked for the secularists led by Bradlaugh, and that work so well done by him altered the English constitution, so that a Parsee not long ago entered parliament by affirming with uplifted hand instead of having to swear upon the Christian Bible.

She Champions Unpopular Causes.

Unpopular causes claimed Annie Besant. She was called a socialist, but she was never a bad one, for she never taught nor believed in violence. True, she was in the famous Trafalgar square procession—at its head in the front rank—saw the soldiers charging down upon her; bravely stood her ground, for she said, "We had a right to be there, and had not been forbidden beforehand." But all this was for justice under law for redress; it was the same as the petitions of right by the Englishmen of older centuries.

Her speeches and books and letters and pamphlets in the cause of labor and of free thought were endless and marvelous. Day and night she spoke in the open air, or in small, stuffy rooms, or in large halls. The growing progress of all these causes led at last to her being elected on the London school board, and later, beyond doubt, to the election into parliament of such a labor leader as Burns.

It was then that, hearing the piteous appeal of the poor match girls employed in London by opulent firms, she led them into an organization through which their woes were spread before England, the employers compelled to ameliorate their unhappy condition, and led to the passage of laws and ordinances for the benefit of all such toilers who need the assistance which a government can give.

COMETS.

Last week Wednesday there was quite a fine meteoric display noticed in the heavens by the people of Bellefonte. As many as ten a minute were said to have been seen by some of our people who were on the watch and took the pains to count. One person who takes great interest in such matters told us that he noticed twenty eight hundred an hour in the little space of the heavens which his eye could cover. It was expected that the display on last Sunday evening would be still more grand, as the earth at that time would be in that position where it would come in close conjunction with the position in its orbit where Biela's comet crosses the earth's track but on account of the cloudy atmosphere no such display was seen if it even was on hand to be seen had it been clear, which is not altogether certain as regards the comet about which the newspapers have said so much. Astronomers seem to be all at sea, no two of them express the same opinion. Some have said that it was Biela's and was coming direct for the earth, head on, and would strike us on Sunday, November 27, at half past nine in the evening. Some others have claimed that it was a new celestial wanderer which was headed for us. Some said it would strike us, others that if it did strike the earth it would be ground to dust in twenty minutes and of course everyone on it go up in a blaze of glory. Some said that if it did strike us it could do us no more harm than would be done to a fish were a feather bed thrown on the ocean. Then again it was said that comets are composed of negative electricity and even if this one was headed direct for us that as soon as it came near enough it would be repelled and therefore would swing from its course and go around us. To back up this theory it was said that years ago a comet was seen headed directly for the planet Jupiter. It was watched with great interest by all astronomers on this planet expecting to see a great crash and either the destruction of that immense planet or the oncoming comet but when it got within twenty million miles of Jupiter, it suddenly veered from its course and went directly round around the planet coming up on the other side to its course again. From all this diversity of talk we ordinary mortals may conclude that these learned men know as yet very little about comets and when they report another as headed this way we may go about our usual avocations with very little anxiety as to the result. The reason alleged for supposing this to be the great Biela comet was because it was the time when that body should reach us it is also said that that body has been destroyed and will never be seen again. What seems strange to us is that some persons appear to have been frightened by these reports it would seem that it takes very little to frighten some people.

THE TRIBUNE RALLIES THE PARTY!

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE is a newspaper to which the people of this country in general and especially the Republican party have always turned, instinctively, in public emergencies, for calm and courageous counsels, and a brave rallying cry. Never losing its head, never misleading the public by sensational utterances. THE TRIBUNE has many times calmed the public mind in times of disaster and led the way out of difficulties by sound advice and its own patriotic and well directed efforts. THE TRIBUNE does not, for a moment, yield the point on which the Presidential campaign was fought. It believes that the working men of this country have been deluded by demagogues; and that they have struck blindly as the very system under which they are prospering as they never have done before in their lives. THE TRIBUNE'S prospectus in another column tells the story. Republicans in this country will do well to subscribe for THE TRIBUNE this year in combination with their own local papers.

—The Presbyterians are holding a fair and festival in the chapel, the proceeds to be used to swell the organ fund. It will be open every day from 2 o'clock to 10 o'clock p. m. It will last for three days. They have many beautiful and useful things to sell a good place to go to buy a christmas present. They will also serve refreshments of various kinds. It will be a good place for business men to go for a lunch or a square meal. Don't forget them.

—We notice that a patent has been granted to W. E. Landon, of Philipsburg, for a radiator.

THE NICARAGUAN CANAL

The New Orleans Convention to Promote Its Completion Opened.

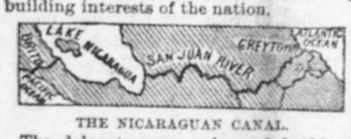
AN IMPORTANT GATHERING.

A Distinguished Body of Delegates and Every Commercial Interest Represented. Governmental Control of the Great Waterway to Be Earnestly Advocated.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 1.—The Nicaragua canal convention was called to order here, and George L. Converse, of Ohio, was chosen temporary chairman. A large and distinguished body of delegates is present, and almost every important commercial body is represented.

Ex-Congressman Converse, on taking the chair, said that the convention was held in pursuance of a resolution adopted by the national conference held in St. Louis in June last, and its object was to consider the question of the immediate construction of the canal, under the protection and control of the United States, in the interests of commerce and the republics of the western hemisphere, and also to devise means for the early completion of the enterprise.

He alluded at length to the advantages which would be afforded by the completion of the canal, saying, among other things, that it would create a new market for the flour and cotton of the United States by saving over 10,000 miles of freight, while it would also stimulate the shipbuilding interests of the nation.



THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

The delegates were welcomed by Mayor Shakespeare, Hon. Thomas P. Wright, A. A. Woods and others. The usual committees on credentials and order of business were then appointed.

A feature of the convention will be the speech of Senator Morgan, chairman of the senate committee on foreign affairs, who will outline as nearly as possible the present attitude of the federal government toward the idea of assuming control of the canal.

The business men in the convention express a determined purpose to kill any questionable element in the proposed government control before the canal plans are presented to congress.

Already another convention in some other large city is talked of, and the air is full of programmes, all having as their basis the authorization in some form by congress of $100,000,000 of bonds to build the canal. The streets are brilliant with bunting, and the hotels are crowded with delegates. The convention will continue in session for several days.

The Canal Project.

The convention which has just opened here in the interest of the Nicaragua canal is the outgrowth of a healthy public sentiment prevailing all over the country in favor of the hastening to completion of the interoceanic waterway, which not only promises to yield immense profits, but which it seems to be almost uniformly conceded ought to be under the control of the United States government as a political necessity and from a strategetic point.

The convention, which is the sequel of a formal similar gathering at St. Louis, held in June last, and which had its origin with the merchants of the Pacific, promises to be fruitful in its results.

The project of an interoceanic canal is not a new one, and for nearly half a century the United States government has been engaged in surveys of routes for a canal connecting the two oceans. Of all the routes suggested and surveyed an invariable preference has been shown by the army engineers for the Nicaraguan route, of whose absolute feasibility no serious doubt has been at any time expressed. There seems to be no question now that ultimately the canal will be built, and the discussions before the convention will simply resolve themselves into an attempted settlement of the question as to who shall build the great ditch and who shall control it once it has been constructed.

The entire length of the canal from ocean to ocean is precisely 169 miles, of which distance it is only necessary to excavate and construct twenty-eight miles of canal. Lake Nicaragua fills a cavity in the midst of a broken chain of mountains, furnishes a safe harbor sufficient in capacity for all ships of the world and inexhaustible in supplies of water for dockage. It is 110 miles long, 30 miles wide and has a maximum depth of 250 feet.

The cost of the canal has been carefully estimated by the consulting engineer of the company, and a board of consulting engineers has revised his computation. Including payment of all interests during the progress of the work it is calculated that $100,000,000 will cover the entire cost of the project, and that a reasonable estimate of the time for the completion is five years.

The company has expended up to date about $6,000,000, and the work done shows the sufficiency of the estimates for the harbor and the canal dredging and railroad work. It is held that the building of the canal will wonderfully develop the fruit industry of California, increase the price of timber of the northwest, quicken mining and fisheries industries, open a short route for southern cotton to Japan, increase population, enable the United States to compete with Europe in the coal and other trade of South America, and that the tolls may be so moderated as to yield a handsome profit on the investment and yet fall lightly on the shippers.

At a rate of two dollars per ton, the same as charged by the Suez canal, it is estimated that the annual income would be $12,000,000, and that the cost of maintenance would not exceed $1,000,000 per an-

INTERESTED THE POPE.

He Follows the Campaign Here and Watches the Public Developments.

ROME,—The Pope followed with the liveliest attention the recent Presidential struggle in the United States. He had special reports concerning the progress of the campaign and the result of the election sent to him. His Holiness has no special sympathy with either of the great American parties, but his sympathy with and admiration for the United States make him desirous of knowing all the developments of the public spirit and all shades of current public opinion on both political and social questions. *La Rassegna Nationale*, the great political review of Florence, has an article attacking the democratic policy of the Pope. The *Rassegna* asserts, and gets angry over its belief, that this change in the Vatican policy will end in the election of an American Pope. The article is singularly significant, provising, as it does, the interest which the United States has in the Pope's policy, and its development toward democratic Catholicism.

The vatican is well satisfied with the results of the Italian elections, because in the great towns, out of the total of possible voters, only a fifth or a fourth have gone to the polls. This difference of the electoral body is the best justification of the Pope's tactics, and proves that without peace being made with the Vatican the political life of Italy has become sterile. The periodic reports current about the Pope having been ill seem to arise from two causes: First, that he is wont to seclude himself, in order to work more at his ease, and, next, that his death is desired by all those to whom his democratic and republican tendencies are obnoxious. All rumors that he is ailing should be held doubtful. At present he enjoys good health, with a freshness of spirit and power of work which are simply astonishing. His doctors, his domestic attendants and others with whom he is in daily contact marvel over his vitality, his alertness of mind and body. "He will live many years yet," said one who daily sees him. For a number of weeks past, since the intense heat of summer passed away, he has worked particularly hard. One is astonished to learn that this old man, after sleeping only three hours in the night, can devote the rest of the day to business or intellectual work.

THE HOMESTEAD CASES.

PITTSBURG,—It has been learned that the jury in the Critchlow trial stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction of manslaughter on the first ballot. The three were farmers, and were won over without much trouble, as they were all anxious to go home for Thanksgiving.

Major Montooth, counsel for the defense said this afternoon that as he did now know that any arrangements had been made for bailing out Critchlow on the other offenses with which he was charged, riot and the murder of Captain Kline and Silas Waylee.

He did not believe the other Homestead cases would come up before January. The law provides that the jail cases shall be tried first, and the petty offenders, he says, will be disposed of first.

Messrs. Irwin and Argo, the western lawyers, having volunteered to defend the Homesteaders, will remain in the city until the cases are settled, if it takes a year.

KOLB WILL CONTEST.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., November 27.—There is going to be a bitter contest over the governorship of Alabama after all. Kolb has been making all the preparations in his power to roust Governor Jones. It was first supposed that Kolb would attempt to be sworn in on inauguration day next Thursday. It is understood that he has abandoned this idea. There will be a conference of Kolb men on the day preceding the day of inauguration, however, and some radical action may then be decided upon. Alabama has no law providing for a contest over the election of state officers. The constitution has a mandatory provision for such a law, but it has never been passed.

THE BELL COMPANY SEEKS DELAY

BOSTON, Mass.,—There was a hearing before Judge Nelson in the United States Circuit Court to-day on petition of the American Bell Telephone Company, and Professor Alexander Graham Bell, for an extension of time until November 4, 1893, in which to introduce further testimony before the examiners in the suit of the United States to annul the Bell patent of seventeen years ago, on the ground that Daniel Drawbaugh was the inventor.

SENATOR QUAY will lecture to the students of the Western University of Pennsylvania on Friday, December 9. He will handle an eminently appropriate subject, "Practical Politics." The faculty is elated over having secured him.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

NEW YORK, November. 26, 1892.

During the past week, Wall Street has oscillated between nicely balanced influences; and therefore, though business has been fairly active, the changes in prices have not been important.

The unsettled feeling left by the election is assuming more definite shape, and the indications at the moment are that, whatever may be the latter effects of the new commercial policy, for the present there is no general disposition to attach extreme importance to this factor as an element of current speculation. The course of industrial stocks for the last ten days illustrates this view. The first feeling after the election, was the very reasonable one that this class of securities must suffer under a change of tariff with especial severity; and, in consequence, they were sold very freely and their prices declined. It now turns out that, when the sellers of the industrials went to cover their sales, they had to pay a sharp advance in order to get the stock; which implies that. as yet, the point has not been reached at which the principal holders are anxious to get rid of their holdings. This does not mean that holders are entirely indifferent about the bearing of our new industrial policy on investments; it merely implies that, at present, the situation is so complicated that no clear opinion can be formed as to how the change will work or when its effect will appear in matured shape. The more the subject is considered, the more it isseen that the change will bring advantages as well as disadvantages, and as eighteen months or two years must elapse before any new tariff law can take effect, there is a growing disposition to let this factor await for maturer development, to be watched and weighed during the interval, but not to be reckoned as an extreme influence in current speculation.

Besides: there are questions of more immediate interest, which are calculated to keep in the shade matters that must wait for many months before they can be definitely estimated. The one thing about which Wall Street is more sensitive than any other is the export of gold, and that movement seems to be returning upon us. The foreign exchanges point ominously in that direction. The exports of home products are declining; no important amount of bills is being made against exports of securities; and Russia is drawing gold from London at a rate which inclines the Bank of England to put the screws on borrowers and the padlock on its vaults. These signs indicate the possibility of our being subjected to a moderate drain of gold. The importance of this contingency lies in the fact that so many people exaggerate the importance of gold to the extent of making it the foundation and support of everything, whereas it is merely the tool by which we conduct a small portion of our business. Not on this account however is it the less likely that the export of a few millions of gold might bring about a selling movement in stocks.

Closely related to this feeling stands the proceedings of the Monetary Conference, which has already opened its proceedings and is likely to occupy the interested attention of financiers the world over for probably six weeks or two months. Such expressions of opinion as have reached us from Europe within the last few days are certainly not encouraging to an expectation of any early important advantages to result from the Conference. The only really competent solution of the question,—free coinage under an agreement among several of the leading nations,—is perhaps nowhere hoped for except among a small enthusiastic minority: but there can be little doubt that, if the Conference closes without leaving a hope that its work may bring about valuable alleviations at a later stage, the gathering will prove to have only served the purpose of more distinctly revealing the dangers that hang around the derangement between the metallic moneys. The universal attention centered upon the question, the thorough and authoritative inquiry into its bearings, and the test of the disposition of the several nations toward helping in its solution,—these conditions will give such a finality to the results of the Conference that the conclusions reached, should they fail to bring relief, will further aggravate the apprehension which the depreciation of silver has excited.

The possibilities for good or for evil of the Brussels Conference intensifies the silver situation as it exists in the United States. It must be regarded as highly improbable that the Conference will reach any agreement for international free-coinage. Failure to secure such international action would impose upon us the duty of suspension of the increase of silver money under the present law, whether regarded from the point of diplomatic expediency or from that of national safety. Can we then depend upon Congress adopting that course, if the event so demands? The platforms of both parties in the last election should leave no doubt on that point. But unfortunately platforms are too oft less guides for legislation than they are for winning votes; and it is therefore impossible to forecast the probable action of Congress on silver. Moreover, the silver question will be complicated with that of increasing the bank note circulation and of restoring to the State banks their former liberty to issue circulating notes. It is moreover quite uncertain when Congress may reach a conclusion on these currency questions; for it will be preoccupied with the all-absorbing tariff legislation until nigh the middle of 1894.

The result of this prospective survey is that we have before us two years, more or less, of exciting discussion and legislation upon questions vitally connected with industry, commerce and finance, the culmination of years of political conflict and financial derangement. We can only rely on the general good sense of Congress, guided by the matured and clearly uttered opinion of the country, for a wholesome outcome of this perplexed situation. In the meantime, we must have uncertainty and oscillations. It is these impending conditions that must, from this time forward, occupy the chief attention of Wall Street and shape the course of investment and speculation. The moral for the moment is—to buy cautiously and for brief turns, and to be satisfied with moderate profits.

HENRY CLEWS.

DRUNKENNESS, OR THE LIQUOR HABIT, CURED AT HOME IN TEN DAYS BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without thet knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address the GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street Cincinati, Ohio.

NATIONAL GRANGE WORK.

A Hot Fight Expected Over the Report of the Financial Committee.

CONCORD, N. H.—The National Grangers, with Master Brigham presiding, adopted resolutions recommending consular reports, giving prices and markets for agricultural products. Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Pennsylvania was re-elected a member of the Executive Committee.

A resolution indorsing the right of women to vote was favorably reported, but was vgiorously debated at length. The matter was finally disposed of by referring it to the State Grangers by a vote of 25 to 23.

Two reports by the Committee on National Finance were adopted. A report signed by Rhone and Charters was opposed by a majority and the matter will be hotly debated, as it involves the entire financial theory to be adopted by the order. Many minor resolutions were disposed of, one demanding that certain positions in the department be filled by farmers; another that United States Senators be elected by the people, and a third that the State Grangers discuss the subject of improved reads.

A HERALD OF THE INFANT YEAR.

Clip the last thirty years or more from the century, and the segment will represent the term of the unbounded popularity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The opening of the year 1893 will be signalized by the appearance of a fresh Almanac of the Bitters, in which the uses, derivation and action of this worldfamous medicine will be lucidly set forth. Everybody should read it. The calander and astronomical calculations to be found in this brochure are always astonishingly accurate, and the statistics, illustrations. humor and other reading matter rich in interest and full of profit. The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., publish it themselves. They employ sixty hands in the mechanical work and more than eleven months in the year are consumed in its preparation. It can be obtained without cost of all druggists and country dealers, and is printed in English, German, French, Welsh, Norwegian, Swedish, Holland, Bohemian and Spanish.

STATE BANKS TO BLOOM.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.,—Senator Millner, the founder of city of Birmingham, and who has been in public life in Alabama for fifty years, is at the head of a movement looking toward the establishment of State banks. He has secured the appointment of a joint legislative committee, of which he is chairman, which is to report upon a bill.

The general plan is to authorize the establishment of State banks which shall not be permitted to issue bank notes within 10 per cent. of the amount of the bonds which it will deposit with the State Treasurer. These may be State or municipal banks of good railroad securities.

A cold of unusual severity developed into a difficulty decidedly catarrhal in all characteristics, threatening a return of my old chronic malady, catarrh. One bottle of Ely's Cream Balm completely eradicated every symptom of that painful and prevailing disorder.—E. W. Warner, Rochester, N. Y.

When I began using Ely's Cream Balm my catarrh was so bad I had headache the whole time and discharged a large amount of filthy matter. That has almost entirely disappeared and I have not had headache since.—J. H. Sommers, Stephney, Cond.

NORTH DAKOTA STILL IN DOUBT.

BISMARK, N. D., Nov. 29—The Harrison electors of North Dakota are probably chosen. Complete returns from twenty-eight out of thirty-nine counties give the Weaver electors 240 majority. But seven of the counties to hear from are surely for Harrison. The official count may be required to settle the matter.

It is positively without a peer. Mr. Walter Brewer, Vinton, Iowa, says: "I had a very bad cough and a few doses of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup gave relief and effected a cure. I would not be without it in my family.

"BLUE ANE GRAY."

A New Illustrated Monthly Magazine Devoted to Fraternity and Pure Patriotism.

"Blue and Gray" is the title of a patriotic monthly magazine, the prospectus of which is before us. On the front page of the cover (beautifully lithographed in several colors) is a picture of a typical war-time Federal soldier and a Confederate soldier, clasping hands, around whose figures is draped the flag of the Union. Above these figures are the words, "FRATERNITY—UNION," and below them the sentence, "NOW AND FOREVER." In each of the four corners on the page is an excellent likeness of one of the four most prominent Generals of the Civil War; Grant and Lee in the upper corners, Sherman and Jackson below. The description of the cover will at once present the scope and intent of the magazine, which will surely meet with the hearty approval and support of the American public, in every section of the Union.

In the prospectus, which is sent to the G. A. R. Posts, Confederate Veteran Camps, and similar organizations, the publishers ask the old veterans, North and South, to furnish such contributions (for which the publishers will gladly pay) as will illustrate the mutual feeling of kindness, admiration, and fraternity existing between wearers of blue and gray, even while engaged in the fearful struggle of the Civil War, which ended happily in the preservation of the Union. Incidents which give evidence of the fact that a mutual ancestry bound the hearts of wearers of blue and gray together, even while passion might inflame the brain, generous kindly deeds, showing that "blood is thicker than water," are sought by the publishers.

The object is so patriotic, the spirit so kindly that it should be fostered by all who love their country. The endorsement of every prominent survivor of the Civil War, North and South, has been secured. Nothing of a political, partisan, or controversal nature will ever be published. In ringing words, the eloquent speeches of love and brotherly feeling existing between the old blue and gray soldiers made by General Benjamin Harrison. President of the United States, General John B. Gordon, Commander of the Confederate Association, and the lamented Henry W. Grady, of Georgia, are reiterated.

The magazine will certainly prove a boon to the younger generation, making all forget the color of the uniform in appreciating the greater season for pride in the glory won by the old soldiers; all were Americans, all our own countrymen. Their deeds, irrespective of the uniform, belong in common to all,—no North, no South.

The editorial department of "Blue and Gray" will be controlled by Benjamin R. Davenport, of Georgia, and J. W. Morton, Jr., of Pennsylvania, who have secured a brilliant corps of contributors, including the most famous writers of war stories, romances, and essays. The illustrations will be profuse, and of the highest type of modern art, The publishers are The Patriotic Publishing Co., offices 236 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia. The subscription price of the magazine is $2.50 per year. Anyone desiring it may obtain a copy of the first issue, which will appear early in December, and which will contain contributions from a number of the most prominent writers of the country, by sending ten cents in stamps to the publishers.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

—Bellefonte people frequently visit Philadelphia either on business or pleasure, and as to such as may wish hotel accomodations while there we would like to say a few words in recommendation of the Columbia House, which is only a few steps from Broad Street Station, on Broad St., above Arch Street. Benj. Vanduver is the proprietor, while J. C. Moore acts as manager. Mr. Frank Kenny makes a most agreeable clerk. The place is conducted on a good plan, everything is neat and clean and the best of order prevails. The table fare is first class in every particular. While at the same time the terms are very reasonable, So to all who wish a good cheerful and home like appearing place can do no better than to go to the Columbia House, North Broad St., above Arch.

FEMALE WEAKNESS--SURE CURE.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from deranged female organs. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any lady if they will send their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, Dr. W. B. MARCHISI, 90 Genessee St., Utica, N. Y. 24 4t

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

Ripans Tabules: a family remedy.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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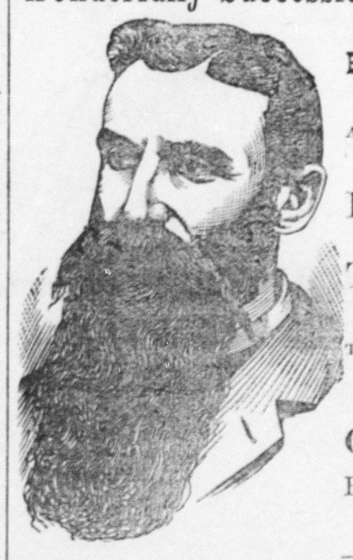

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ONCE MORE HALE AND HEARTY

Bellefonte, Pa., Oct. 13th, 1892

For more than 5 years I have had a bad eye trouble, etc., miserable case of dyspepsia, felt generally very bad, became very thin and pale and never had any appetite. But now, after only a few months treatment with Dr. Salm I have gained very much in flesh, my Dyspepsia is cured and my eyes are as well as anyones and I consider myself, thanks to the good Doctor, once more hale and hearty.
Miss MILLIE KELLY,
Attested by her mother, Snow Shoe
Sarah Kelly. Centre Co., Pa.

SELF-EXPLANTORY.

Tyrone Sept. 20, 1892

DR SALM.

The Medicine you gave me for Bronchitis and Asthma helped me wonderfully. There are 5 or 6 persons here who know of the success you have with me want to see you about their health. Let me know if you can stop over here, if not we will come to see you at Bellefonte Yours Respts.
MRS. Jennie Corsan.

THE EYES ARE NOW STRAIGHT THANKS TO THE DR.

Indiana Oct. 12th 1892.

I have been cross-eyed and that badly for over 28 years. Dr. Salm operated on both eyes in less than two minutes time, without causing the least pain, nor was I confined to my room for a single moment I can conscientiously say that they are now perfectly strong, thanks to the Dr.
MRS. CALLIE KINTER.

CATARRH & BRONCHITIS CURED.

Dr. M. Salm treated me for catarrh and bronchitis. I had been affected with it for years and was incapacitated for any work and suffered with sleeplessness, but now consider myself entirely cured. Will be glad to answer any questions pertaining to the above testimonial gratefully. JOHN NEWDORFER.
Delmont, Pa.

LUNG TROUBLE & CATARRH CURED

I have had lung trouble and a bad case of catarrh for years, my breathing became very laborious about a year before I came to Dr. M Salm under treatment, and I was unable to do any work whatever, appetite all gone and I became a complete physical wreck and I could see in my friends' eyes that they gave me up for lost. However, after all this, I consider myself now entirely cured, breathing good, no more catarrh, can work all day and feel happy once more; thanks to this great doctor. LIZZIE ALLISON.
Oct. 22, 1891. Blairsville Intersection.

REMOVAL OF POLIPUS.

For the last 12 years I have been troubled with catarrh and for the last 5 years could not breathe through my nostrils; had tried several doctors, and patent medicine in abundance without avail. Dr. Salm, of Columbus, said I had polipus in connection with catarrh; he removed them for me and I breathe again comfortably through both nostrils; altogether I am feeling much better and find myself on the highway to recovery.
WM. ROSENBERGER, 18 Muskingum St.,
June 27, 1889. Massillon, O.

EPILEPSY AND INSANITY.

My daughter Alice had epilepsy to such a degree as to make her idiotic. She was of no use for work, and was not able to recognize any one, we brought her to Dr. Salm for treatment, and the improvement the Dr. worked on her is wonderful. She can work again, has her right mind, no more fits and can talk intelligibly with any one, and is hale and hearty again. JACAB SHAFFER.
Mechanicsburg, Pa. Oct. 21, 1891.

RUNNING OF THE EAR AND DEAFNESS CURED.

For the last eight years my little daughter, Bertha, has had a severe case of running of the ear, the odor was fearful, she became pale, thin and generally complained, but after a course of treatment with Dr. Salm, she is hale and hearty, all running of the ear has stopped and her hearing before having been bad is good again. We recommend the doctor.
I G JONES.

Our daughter Mary has been crosseyed since birth, she is now 14 years old, and this day we brought her to Dr. Salm, who visits Indiana every four weeks, an operation was made of not more than a minute's duration, and was without pain no chloroform being given The eye is now as straight as any one's.
THOS. A JOHNSTON
SUE M JOHNSTON.
Advance, Indiana Co., Pa., Nov. 20, 1890.

Diseases of Women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancers, Tumors, fibroid and polypoid growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting, no pain no danger.

Manhood perfectly restored. Quick, painless, and certain cure for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrhea l losses, weak and nervous debility, also for prostatis, vericocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual functions speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cure guaranteed. No risk incurred. Free examination of the Urine—each persons applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopic examination. Small Tumors, Cancers, Warts, Moles, etc., removed without acids, knife, pain or scar. New method Electroysis, Epilepso or fits scientifically treated and positively cured by a never-failing method. Address all communications to BOX 769. Columbus, Ohio. Examination and consultation free to everybody.

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Makes Ice Cream in 30 Seconds.

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My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1.00 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day, in order to be healthy, this is necessary. Address, SIMON F. WOODWARD, LeROY, N. Y.

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We have always been selling goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES bu now we intend to do better than ever and will sell goods at prices that will astonish everyone. Times are hard and we cannot expect to make much. Below we quote you a few of our prices to show that we mean business.

3 cans of Corn for 25 cts.; 3 cans of Peas 25 cts.; 3 cans of Lima Beans for 25 cts.; 6 bars of Soap 25 cts.; Coffee 23-25-26-28-35 cts. per pound; 1 package Mince Meat 11 cts.; Mixed Tea (a number one quality) only 40 cts. per pound; Soup Beans 6 cts. per quart.

The above is a fair sample of our prices. Call and be convinced.

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For those deathly Bilious Spells depending on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.
$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.
Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.
Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.
Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.
SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.
If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure.
SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.
Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.
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HE Missed his Opportunity! DON'T Miss Yours, Reader. The majority neglect their opportunities, and from that cause live in poverty and die in obscurity! Harrowing despair is the lot of many, as they look back on lost, forever lost, opportunity. Life is passing! Reach out. Be up and doing. Improve your opportunity, and secure prosperity, prominence, peace. It was said by a philosopher, that "the Goddess of Fortune offers a golden opportunity to each person at some period of life; embrace the chance, and she pours out her riches; fail to do so and she departs, never to return." How shall you find the GOLDEN opportunity? Investigate every chance that appears worthy, and of fair promise; that is what all successful men do. Here is an opportunity, such as is not often within the reach of laboring people. Improved, it will give, at least, a grand start in life. The GOLDEN opportunity for many is here. Money to be made rapidly and honorably by any industrious person of either sex. All ages. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 per day. You can do as well if you will work, not too hard, but industriously; and you can increase your income as you go on. You can give spare time only, or all your time to the work. Easy to learn. Capital not required. We start you. All is comparatively new and really wonderful. We instruct and show you how, free. Failure unknown among our workers. No room to explain here. Write and learn all free, by return mail. Unwise to delay. Address at once, H. Hallett & Co., Box 880, Portland, Maine.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 25 lbs. per month by harmless herbal remedies that do not injure the health or interfere with one's business or pleasure. It builds up and improves the general health, clears the skin and beautifies the complexion. No wrinkles or flabbiness follow this treatment. Endorsed by physicians and leading society ladies. PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL. Harmless. No Starving. Send 6 cents in stamps for particulars to DR. O. W. F. SNYDER, M'VICKER'S THEATER, CHICAGO, ILL.

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to act as our agent. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need free. It costs nothing to try the business. We will treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Any one any where can earn a great deal of money. Many have made Two Hundred Dollars a Month. No class of people in the world are making so much money without capital as those at work for us. Business pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered to agents. You have a clear field, with no competition. We equip you with everything, and supply printed directions for beginners which, if obeyed faithfully, will bring more money than will any other business. Improve your prospects! Why not? You can do so easily and surely at work for us. Reasonable industry only necessary for absolute success. Pamphlet circular giving every particular is sent free to all. Delay not in sending for it.
GEORGE STINSON & CO.,
Box No. 488, Portland, Me.

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.
OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers
Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.
Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE CAUSE.

All sorts of causes have been assigned for Republican defeat, but in nearly every assignment of the why and the wherefore of the appalling result the pre-eminent cause is put in the front by nearly all persons. It is the overwhelming predominance of an alien and ignorant element in our large centers of population. Lately naturalized, it knows little or nothing about the duties of citizenship, and its vote, which rises into millions in the four years interval of a Presidential election, slumps one way or the other as its prejudice is aroused.

This year the Homestead trouble and the other Labor disturbances threw it solid against the Republican Party and New York, Brooklyn, Boston, Chicago and like sites for the quartering of this large and uneducated class of voters, gave unreasonably largely increased Democratic majorities.

The cities are beginning to govern the nation and if this alien, ignorant mass in the political body is going to run the cities, the Nation is at the mercy of its worst element. New York and Brooklyn out-vote all the solid body of the great state above the Bronx river.

Chicago, packed with an unhealthy unassimilated mass hardly warm in the enjoyment of the franchise, out-voted the great prairie-land and farm lands of Illinois, the state of Lincoln. Boston has the same unwholesome influence in the Old Colony State. What is the remedy? The new Ballot Law? It may be and yet everywhere the new law has brought happy results for the Democracy and increased majorities.

The discussion of results is wise and we look for immediate and more drastic legislation restricting immigration by the local authorities and by the United States—although with the Democracy intrenched at Whashington it will never oppose immigration—if it possibly can be affected. A foreign horde is on our shore and in our politics that is an absolute menace to our free institutions. It has voted with the Democracy this time: it may vote against it in four years.

It votes not on intelligence and education, but from ignorance and absolute non-knowledge of our system and it behooves all parties and patriots to decrease and narrow its influence everywhere.

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habbit Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.
It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed.
48 page book of particulars free. Address Golden Specific Co., Race St., Cincinnati, O.

A CHANGE IS COMING.

HITHERTO the poor have accepted their poverty as inevitable,—as, in fact, the decree of God. There was nothing for them to do but to "grin and bear it," But of late those who mix with them have observed a portentous mental change. The political economist has been among them. In their sad hearts we see, for the first time, hope, but it is mingled with anger. They had supposed that there was no seat for them at the banquet of life, and that they should be thankful for every crumb which fell from the crowded table of Dives. But somebody has told them that there are numerous empty seats; that some persons have more seats than they themselves need, and the effect of the information is startling. Lazarus is no longer lying on the doorstep of Dives, in the quiescence of sullen despair, licked by the dogs. He is standing upright at the corner of the street, vehemently gesticulating, and his burning words are sinking deep into the hearts of a large crowd of hungry-lookingmen.—*Cardinal Manning.*

FALL OF THE LEAF.

The bright green foliage of summer which is now variegated with golden tints, and leafless trees will soon presage the coming of winter's chilly blasts. Nature has been more than usually lavish in her gifts and abundant crops make the heart of the husbandman glad. With the advent of fall it will be well for all to take proper safeguards against disease. A pure stimulant tones up the enfeebled system. For this purpose use Klein's world-famed "Silver Age" or "Duquense" rye. Both are warranted absolutely pure. They sell respectively at $1.50 and $1.25 per full quart. Sold by L. Schloss, Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

A HINT TO COLORED CITIZENS.

Abraham Lincoln emancipated the colored race from bondage; there is now need of an emancipator from prejudice which colored men and women find on every side. Tuesday night colored citizens of Cincinnati held a meeting to see if anything could be done. It is their exclusion from trades and commercial life that especially afflicts them.

If colored citizens all over the country would persistently make themselves felt in public meetings and at the polls, their advancement would follow. It is not a little the fault of our 7,000,000 colored Americans themselves that recognition of their rights, is so generally denied them, particulary in the South. Let them be heard from in protest.

Organization is the hope of the Negro as it is of every interest in these days of crush and grind.

Ripans Tabules: see advertisement.
Ripans Tabules are always ready.

THE NEW FEDERAL DEPARTMENT.

The roport of Secretary Rusk on the achievements and projects of the Department of Agriculture is a document well worthy of minute inspection.

Secretary Rusk states that nearly 80 per cent, of the $1,000,000,000 worth of exports which left the United States during the past fiscal year consisted of agricultural products, and claims that to his new departments is due much of the credit for this splendid showing. On the other hand, in spite of an aggregate increase in imports, there has been a reduction in the proportion of those which compete with the products of American agriculture. He considers that we have still far too much foreign competition in articles which we might produce entirely for ourselves.

The marked reduction of the cotton area during the last year is cited as an encouraging circumstance, as it will relieve the plethora of the market, and as a diversification of crops is always to be desired. The removal of the embargo on American pork in foreign markets has also had a beneficial effect and has led to the exportation of 40,000,000 pounds of pork products which would otherwise have remained at home; the new inspection laws greatly helped the sale of our cattle aboard.

A feature of the report very significant as to the future usefulness of the department is the statement that through its efforts pleuro-pneumonia among American cattle has been entirely eradicated, and that this is the only country where such a result has been achieved when the disease had once gained foothold.

The Department of Agriculture is yet in its infancy, having been instituted only four years ago. Its work has thus far been chiefly rudimentary, but a broad foundation is being laid, large and firm enough to hold the splendid superstructure yet to come. Its most crying need at present is of suitable buildings at Washington in which to carry on its work.

GUARANTEED CURE.
We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold, or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at C. M. Parrish's drug store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

STEPHEN GIRARD.

An exchange speaks of Stephen Girard as a rich man who loved children and gave his wealth to his country. Very few men in history have united so many apparently contradictory qualities. He loved children most passionately, and the sight of a crippled or miserable-looking urchin would bring tears to his eyes. His devotion to the United States never once faltered, and at every reverse the war of 1812-15 he ground his teeth, and, it is said, swore in his native French. At length he offered to dedicate his entire fortune to the cause, lest the government $5,000,000, and asked no interest till the war closed. A rich man who loves children and is willing to give all his wealth to his country must have a deal of good in him.

His bravery was of the morally sublime order. When the yellow fever scourged Philadelphia, and had driven away most of the nurses, he and Peter Helm worked two months in the hospital at the most menial offices and shamed the faint-hearted into bravery. An affliction in early childhood destroyed his right eye and distorted that side of his face, so the boys nicknamed him by a French word that might be translated "wall eye." He lost his mother when he was quite young and his father was harsh. In short, he was a miserable, lonely child, and fled from home to be a cabin boy at the age of ten.

The romance of his life came to him in Philadelphia, where he opened his first store. He was loved and beloved again. She was singularly beautiful and vivacious; he taciturn, disfigured and eleven years her senior. For a few years they were happy; then she suddenly lost her health, soon became violently insane, and lived in that condition thirty years in the state asylum. Their only child died in infancy, and the sad old man finished his journey alone. His magnificent charities have preserved his name for all time. He was a deist in religion and named his ships after infidel authors.—[Ex.

TO DRIVE AWAY THE BLUES.

Did you ever have the blues, when you did not know what to do with yourself? Reading is what most people fall back on at such times, and nothing is better to drive away the blues than a good crisp story or a few good jokes. Our special offer of 25 back numbers of the Waverly Magazine, of different dates, for $1,00 postpaid, will supply you with about 400 short, clean and complete stories, jokes ect. The same amount of reading in the trashy 25c novel, would cost you $12.
Send stamp for sample. Address
WAVERLEY MAGAZINE,
Box 172, Boston, Mass
Yours truly,
WAVERLY MAGAZINE.

TOM COOPER shows his levelheadedness by declaring for Quay for United States Senator and Hastings for Governor.—Huntingdon Globe.

A DRUGGIST SAYS.
Marvin C. Brown, Druggist, Meredith Village, N. H., says: I have sold your Sulphur Bitters for years, and, contrary to most medicines, I never sold a bottle to any one who said it did not help them. They cured me of those terrible sick headaches when every other remedy failed.

Would you rather buy lamp-chimneys, one a week the year round, or one that lasts till some accident breaks it?
Common glass may break or not the minute you light your lamp; if not, the first draft may break it; if not, it may break from a mere whim.
Tough glass chimneys, Macbeth's "Pearl-top" or "Pearl-glass," almost never break from heat, not one in a hundred.
Where can you get it? and what does it cost?
Your dealer knows where and how much. It costs more than common glass; and may be, he thinks tough glass isn't good for his business.
Pittsburgh, Pa. GEO. A. MACBETH Co.

may27-1y

SALESMEN WANTED AT ONCE.—A few good men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. We are the largest manufacturers in our line in the world. Liberal salary paid. Permanent position. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. For full terms address, Centennial Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill., or Cincinnati, O.

Nothing On Earth Will
MAKE HENS LAY
LIKE
Sheridan's Condition Powder!
KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS
Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.
Good for Moulting Hens.
It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six to prevent Roup," says one customer.
If you can't get it send to us.
We mail one pack 25c. Five $1. A 2 1-4 lb. can $1.20. Six cans, $5.00, express paid. *Poultry Raising Guide*, price 25 cents, free with $1.00 orders or more. Sample copy of THE BEST POULTRY PAPER sent free.
L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass

RUPTURE
DR. J. A. SHERMAN begs to inform those whom it may concern that all patients will be furnished with his CELEBRATED RUPTURE TREATMENT during the months of May, June and July this year at special rates, at his principal office, 294 Broadway, New York. Safety and comfort is assured without restriction from exercise while under treatment for cure. Treatment can be had by corresponding. Send stamp for pamphlet

MYSTIC CURE
FOR
RHEUMATISM
AND
NEURALGIA.
CURES IN A DAY
A New and Wonderful Discovery
which has revolutionized the treatment of these diseases. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears, the first dose greatly benefits. It is recommended only for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, but for these it is a quick and radical cure, as multitudes who have used it testify. It contains no anodynes and is perfectly harmless. Ask your druggist to procure it if he does not have it on hand.
Guarantee. If first bottle does not benefit you, druggist will refund money.
Write for treatise and testimonials.
PRICE, 75 CENTS.
Dr. I. A. DETCHON, Crawfordsville, Ind.

DR. SANDEN'S
ELECTRIC BELT

LATEST PATENTS-BEST IMPROVEMENTS. WITH ELECTRO-MAGNETIC SUSPENSORY.
Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from overtaxation of brain, nerve forces, excesses or indiscretion, as sexual exhaustion, drains, losses, nervous debility, sleeplessness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder complaints, lame back, lumbago, sciatica, general ill-health, etc. This electric belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others, and gives a current that is instantly felt by the wearer or we forfeit $5,000.00, and will cure all of the above diseases or no pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvelous invention after all other remedies failed, and we give hundreds of testimonials in this and every other state.
Our powerful improved ELECTRIC SUSPENSORY is the greatest boon ever offered weak men; FREE WITH ALL BELTS. Health and Vigorous Strength GUARANTEED in 60 to 90 DAYS. Send for large illustrated pamphlets, sealed, free by mail. Address
SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
No. 819 Broadway, NEW YORK.

RAILROADS.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 16, 1891.

STATIONS	Dis	Westward A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 18	4 23
Mill Hall	3.0	4 46	9 21	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 33	4 38
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 36	4 40
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 44	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 48	4 55
Curtin	19.9	5 18	9 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 11	5 19
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 35	10 25	5 20
Milesburg	23.5	5 45	10 35	5 30
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 20	5 39
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 48	5 41
Julian	32.9	6 06	10 59	5 50
Martha	37.0	6 13	11 26	5 59
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	1129	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 36	6 13
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	11 49	6 15
Dix—f	46.3	6 33	11 32	6 12
Bald Eagle	49.5	6 40	11 38	6 25
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 43	6 29
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 48	6 33
TYRONE	54.3	6 55	11 55	6 40

STATIONS	Dis	Eastward P. M.	P.M.	P.M.
TYRONE		7 55	3 10	5 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 02	3 17	7 3
Vail	3.1	8 05	3 20	7 6
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 10	3 24	7 41
Dix—f	8.0	8 15	3 30	7 47
Hannah—f	9.3	8 17	3 33	7 50
Port Matilda	10.6	8 21	3 37	7 54
Martha	13.9	8 28	3 44	8 01
Julian	17.3	8 36	3 52	8 10
Unionville	21.4	8 44	4 01	8 20
Snow Shoe Int	25.8	8 55	4 10	8 30
Milesburg	29.5	9 03	4 17	8 40
BELLEFONTE	30.8	9 07	4 20	8 44
Milesburg	33.5	9 17	4 30	8 04
Curtin	36.8	9 32	4 40	9 13
Mt Eagle—f	34.4	9 46	4 47	9 19
Howard	36.6	9 51	4 55	9 28
Eagleville—f	39.8	10 01	5 02	9 28
Beech Creek	44.4	10 15	5 10	9 49
Mill Hall	45.0	10 20	5 13	9 49
Flemington	51.3	10 32	5 24	10 01
LOCK HAVEN	52.5	10 28	5 27	10 05
	54.3	10 45	5 39	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1891.

Westward Dis.		Stations	Dis.	Eastward	
P.M	A.M			A.M	P.M
5 05	8 31	SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 47
5 25	10 21	5.3 Fairbrook	20.3	9 09	4 27
5 37	10 28	8.7 Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 56	4 15
5 44	10 34	10.6 Hostler f	15.0	8 50	4 08
5 50	10 46	12.3 Marengo f	13.0	8 43	4 01
5 57	10 52	13.5 Loveville f	12.1	8 37	3 75
6 04	10 58	15.2 Furnace Road f	10.4	8 31	3 40
6 08	11 02	15.8 Dungarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 36
6 18	11 10	18.2 Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 26
6 28	11 20	20.5 Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 10
6 40	11 32	23.5 Shover	2.1	7 58	3 1
6 50	11 40	25.6 TYRONE		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 24 1890.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.30 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.1t a m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefont at 5.25 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.00 p m.
S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 24th, 1890

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
.0	5.50	2.15	MONTANDON	5.30	9.20	5.45
1.5	6.15	2.25	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.10	5.38
1.5	6.15	2.25	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.10	5.38
5.4	6.30	2.35	Biehl f		8.50	5.24
6.8	6.35	2.40	Vicksburg f		8.58	5.20
10.7	6.45	2.50	MIFFLINBURG		8.43	5.10
13.1	6.52	2.57	Barber f		8.36	5.0
15.2	6.58	3.03	Swengle f		8.30	4.5
16.1	7.00	3.05	Millmont		8.27	4.5
18.6	7.08	3.14	LAURELTON		8.17	4.46
23.5	7.19	3.25	Pardee f		8.06	4.35
28.9	7.33	3.38	Cherry Run f		7.53	4.22
32.3	7.43	3.48	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.43	4.12
33.9	7.48	3.54	Ingleby f		7.39	4.07
36.6	7.53	4.00	Coburn		7.30	4.00
39.6	8.01	4.08	Zerby f		7.21	3.52
43.4	8.10	4.17	Rising Springs		7.12	3.43
46.2	8.18	4.25	Penn's Cave f		7.05	3.36
49.2	8.24	4.30	CENTRE HALL		6.58	3.28
51.6	8.32	4.37	Gregg f		6.51	3.23
54.6	8.37	4.43	Linden Hall		6.43	3.16
55.7	8.42	4.48	OAK HALL		6.38	3.11
58.3	8.46	4.52	LEMONT		6.34	
60.2	8.51	4.57	Dale Summit f		6.29	
63.9	9.00	5.06	Pleasant Gap f		6.19	
65.2	9.04	5.10	Axeman f		6.14	
67.4	9.10	5.15	BELLEFONTE		6.10	2.48

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
F. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 4th, 1892, trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD						WESTWARD				
12	10	8	1	2		1	3	7	9	11
pm	pm	pm	am	am	Ar— Lv	am	am	pm	pm	pm
6 35		3 50		9 05	Bellefont	6 30		10 30		4 40
6 28		3 44		8 59	Coleville	6 37		10 35		4 45
6 25		3 41		8 56	Morris	6 40		10 38		4 48
6 22		3 38		8 52	Whitmer	6 44		10 43		4 51
6 19		3 35		8 49	Linns	6 47		10 46		4 54
6 17		3 33		8 47	Hunters	6 50		10 48		4 56
6 14		3 31		8 44	Filmore	6 53		10 52		5 00
6 11		3 28		8 40	Sellers	6 57		10 56		5 03
6 09		3 26		8 38	Briarly	7 00		10 58		5 05
6 05	6 00	3 23	8 25	8 36	Waddle	7 05	7 10	11 01	5 10	5 10
6 02	5 50	3 20	8 20	8 30	Mattern J	7 08	7 14	11 03	5 13	5 12
	5 46		8 17		Graysdale	7 19		5 16		
	5 43		8 12		Mattern	7 24		5 20		
	5 40		8 05		Stormstown	7 29		5 23		
	5 35		8 00		Red Bank	7 35		5 30		
5 51		3 08		8 18	Krumr'ne	7 21		11 13		5 24
5 48		3 05		8 14	Struble	7 24		11 17		5 27
5 45		3 00		8 10	St. College	7 30		11 20		5 30

Train 2 connects with trains east and west on B. E. V. R. R. and S. S. branch, and train 8 connects with train east on B. E. V. R. R.
THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 24th, 1890.

	WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadaily		11 25	p m
" " Harrisburg	"	3 30	a m
" " William'port	"	7 10	a m
" " Jersey Shore	"	7 31	a m
" " Lock Haven	"	7 55	a m
" " Renovo	"	8 55	a m
" arrives Erie	"	3 40	p m
GRA EX, l'ves Phila week d'ys		8 50	a m
" " Harrsburg	"	12 00	m
" arrives at Wmsport	"	3 20	p m
" " Lock Haven	"	4 10	p m
" " Renovo	"	5 15	p m
" " Kane	"	9 20	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 20	p m
FAST LINE leaves Phila. week days		11 40	a m
" " Harrisburg	"	3 45	p m
" " Williamsport	"	7 10	p m
" arrives at Lock Haven	"	8 02	p m
" " Renovo	"	9 00	p m
NEWS EX. l'ves Philadelphia		4 30	a m
" " Harrisburg		8 10	a m
" " Williamsport		11 20	a m
" " arrives at Lock Haven		12 15	p m
Wms'port Ex. l'ves Phila		4 25	p m
" " Harrisburg		7 22	p m
" " arrive Williamsport		10 20	p m
	EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore Express l'vs L Haven	w	7 20	a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 48	a m
" " Wms'port		8 25	a m
" arrives at Harrisburg		11 25	a m
" " Phila		3 15	a m
DAY EX. leaves Kane week days		6 30	a m
" " Renovo		10 20	a m
" " Lock Haven		11 20	a m
" " Williamsport		12 30	p m
" arrives at Harrisburg		3 30	p m
" " Philadelphia		6 50	p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie daily		5 27	p m
" " Renovo		10

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash. EDWARD T. TUTEN.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1892

Wilbur F. Reeder, Chairman, Bellefonte
W. L. Malin, Secretary. "
H. P. Harris, Ass't Secretary "
H. C. Quigley. " "

DISTRICT.	NAME.	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	W I. Fleming	Bellefonte
" S W	J A Aikens	"
" W W	S. H. Williams	"
Centre Hall boro	B F Brisbin	Centre Hall
Howard "	Robert Cooke Jr.	Howard
Milesburg "	John Confer	Milesburg
Millheim "	J F Harter	Millheim
Philipsburg "1	W S S Crissman	Philipsburg
" "2	Geo Lamb	Philipsburg
" "3	W Capt Harry Simler	"
South Philipsburg boro	M. Stover, Philipsb'g	
Unionville "	Riley Pratt	Fleming
Benner Twp	Jos. H Marshall	Bellefonte
Boggs Twp E P	J M Parker	Roland
Boggs Twp W P	C P Stonerode	Milesburg
Boggs Twp N P	Jacob Yarnell	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	Delon G. Stewart	Moshannon
College Twp E P	Wm Thompson Jr	Lemont
College Twp W P	Philip D Foster	State Coll.
Curtin "	William Robb	Romola
Ferguson Twp E P	Claudius B Hess	Fairbook
Ferguson "	J A Sunday	"
Gregg " N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Geegg " S P	John D Long	Spring Mills
Gregg " E P,	Jos. K. Bitner.	Penn Hall
Haines " E P	Chas Bressler	Fiedler
Haiees " W P	James P Coburn	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon "	Cyrus W Hunter	Stormstown
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	N. G. Pletcher	Howard
Huston "	Ira F Davis	Julian
Liberty "	D M Burlew	Blanchard
Marion " E P	Bennison	Walker
Miles "	Ruben Goimen	Wolfs Store
Patton "	George F Stevenson	Buf'lo Run
Penn "	Same Rearick	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	Andrew Gregg	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
Rush " N P	David Kinkead	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Alexander Miller	Sandy Ridge
SnowShoe E P	Alfred Lucas	SnowShoe
SnowShoe W P	John A Yeager	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	John G Dubbs	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	M F Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	W H Poorman	Bellefonte
Taylor "	John Weaver	Port Matilda
Union "	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker "	O P Wilson	Hublersburg
Worth "	S R. Pringle	Port Matilda

IDENTIFYING PROPERTY.

Goods From a Snow Shoe Store Found in the Pile.

From Gazette and Bulletin.

On Wednesday Thomas Buddinger of Snow Shoe, was in this city, and in the morning called at the police station to have a look at the goods recovered from the home of Mrs. Matilda Jackson, in this city, on Monday, and those found in Harrisburg on Tuesday,

Mr. Buddinger keeps a general store in Snow Shoe and on the night of October 12th, thieves effected an entrance to the building and suceeded in getting away with some cash and merchandise From the safe and cash register the robbers stole $46 in cash. Among the goods he examied at the police station, Wednesday, he found some that he thought belonged to him. A pair of low shoes, both for the same foot, were among the miscellaneous assortment of merchandise. He said that just such a set had been found in his store, previous to the robbery, and he had made note of the manufacturer, and then wrapped the shoes up. They were laid away in the office at the store, he intending to send them back to the wholesale dealer. After the robbery they were missed. He thinks he now has a clue to the robbers.

I. N. Messinger, the Watson hardware merchant, was in the city Wednesday afternoon and identified the two Winchester rifles. He secured the guns by giving $5.75 a piece for them—the amount paid the pawnbroker at Harrisburg. It was thought better to pay this amount than to go to the expense and trouble of procuring them through a process of law.

QUAY ENDORSED AGAIN.

At a meeting of the Republican members of the coming Legislature from Philadelphia, held on Saturday last, 35 out of 36, voted to support Hon. M. S. Quay for re-election to the United States Senate Ex-Speaker Henry K. Boyer offered the following resolution:

"WHEREAS, The duty of electing a United States Senator to represent the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the ensuing six years will devolve upon the Legislature at the next session therefore, and

"WHEREAS, Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay, in his devotion to the varied interests of the Commonwealth and in his valuable services to his party has justly earned a continuance of the confidence reposed in him as evidence by the overwhelming expressions of opinion in his favor by his Republican fellow-citizens; therefore

"*Resolved*, That we cordially tender him our support of re-election to the United States Senate."

Frank M. Ritter, of the Tenth District, was the only man who voted "no."

ENGLISH manufacturers rejoice while those of America mourn over the democratic victory. Englishmen are expecting a better trade, while Americans are preparing to curtail manufacturing.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

The President in Retirement Preparing His Annual Message.

THE PENSION LIST FIGURES.

The Secretary of the Interior's Estimates Call for $166,831,350, in Addition to Which There Is a Deficit of $10,508,621 to Be Made Up.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—President Harrison has begun the writing of his annual message to congress. He desires to give it his close attention until it is concluded and denies himself to as many callers as possible. He will continue to do so until his message is concluded.

The secretary of the interior has transmitted to the secretary of the treasury the estimates required to pay pensions for the next fiscal year. The sum of $166,831,350 will be necessary to pay pensions on account of the army and navy, including the maintenance of pension agencies, clerk hire and other incidental expenses. Of this amount it is estimated that $165,000,000 will be paid directly to pensioners.

In addition to the estimate $146,737,350 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, a deficiency of $10,508,621 is asked. During the first fiscal year of the present admihistration an estimate of $89,500,000 in round numbers, was sufficient to pay pensions and other incidental expenses.

The civil service commission has more requisitions for both male and female physicians for the Indian service than it is able to fill. There is also a dearth of teachers for that service, especially for the second and third districts, embracing the states in the extreme northwest and southwest. The examinations for 1893 will begin in January.

The Vatican and the Fair.

Notwithstanding opposition in the navy department, it is certain that a United States naval vessel will be assigned the duty of conveying to this country the exhibit of relics relating to the discovery of America loaned by the Vatican from its museum for the World's fair. Secretary Tracy, it is understood, is heartily in favor of assigning a naval vessel for this duty, but certain influences against the idea are working in the department. Objection being based on the ground, which is believed to be strictly conscientious, that assignments of this character should not be given vessels of the government.

Unless some well founded reason should intervene the United States cruiser Newark will be given the assignment. President Harrison has given the Vatican assurances that a naval vessel will carry the relics to this country, and Cardinal Rempolla, the papal secretary of state, has requested that one of the government vessels be assigned to the duty. It has also been practically decided that the United States gunboat Bennington shall convey the Columbus caravels from Huelva to America.

Secretary Tracy appointed a court of inquiry to investigate and report on the partial destruction of the culvert of the League island navy yard dry dock. Commander J. B. Coghlan, who was in charge of the dock at the time of the accident and consequently will be made the subject of inquiry, has been before court martials twice previously—once in San Francisco and once in this city.

In San Francisco he was charged with writing an article for one of the newspapers there, reflecting on the actions of naval officers. He was acquitted, the proprietor of the paper refusing to testify against him. Later he was court martialed here for writing to Mr. Moran, a clerk in the bureau of navigation of the navy department, an abusive letter for forwarding an order transferring him from one ship to another.

In the latter case he was found guilty and sentenced to suspension from rank for one year, and publicly reprimanded in a general order by the secretary of the navy.

The Senate Secretaryship.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—It is understood here that General A. B. Upshaw, formerly of Tennessee, now of New York, who was assistant secretary of the interior during the Cleveland administration, will be a candidate for the secretaryship of the senate after March 4. Another candidate for the pleasant place now occupied by General Anson G. McCook is Colonel L. Q. C. Washington, of Louisiana, for many years past an able correspondent of southern newspapers. It is rumored that Congressman Hemphill, of South Carolina, who was defeated for renomination, will also join in the race with General Upshaw, Colonel Washington and General Martin McMahon, with other candidates yet to hear from.

Hippolyte's Revolution Scheme.

PANAMA, Nov. 28.—A revolt is said to have been suppressed in Hayti. It was of no importance and has not been followed by any executions. The adherents of General Manignat claim that Hippolyte himself instigated the revolt in order to have an opportunity of suppressing it.

Sunk with All on Board.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 28.—The schooner Warrior, which left Newfoundland for North Sydney some time ago, is reported to have foundered and carried with her all on board.

A Rich Silver Strike.

SILVER CITY, N. M., Nov. 28.—At Lone Mountain, about ten miles southeast of this city, the largest body of silver ore ever struck in New Mexico is being opened.

Guilty of Murder.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 28.—Henry Ramsey, charged with the murder of Robert Harris, marshal of Summerville, a suburb of Augusta, was found guilty.

He Killed a Sheriff.

PLAINVILLE, Ga., Nov. 28.—Sheriff McGinnis, of Calhoun county, was shot and killed by a railroad man he was trying to arrest.

General Crawford Dead.

NORWALK, Conn., Nov. 28. — General Robert B. Crawford, who commanded the brigade of the Connecticut national guard from 1871 to 1875, is dead.

The Yale-Harvard Freshmen.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—Six to six was the score of the great football game between the Harvard and Yale freshmen elevens on Jarvis field, Cambridge.

St. Louis Panicstricken.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 28.—The typhoid fever is spreading rapidly. Over 1,000 cases is the record for the week, and the city is on the verge of a panic.

REV. DR. SCOTT'S DEATH.

The White House Again a Scene of Gloom and Sorrow.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—By the death of the venerable Dr. Scott, the father of the late Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, the White House is again a scene of gloom and sorrow, and another drop is added to the president's cup of affliction.

REV. JOHN W. SCOTT.

The Rev. John Witherspoon Scott was almost as old as the century, for he was born Jan. 22, 1800, in Beaver county, Pa. His father, Rev. George M. Scott, was one of the pioneers of Scotch Presbyterianism in western Pennsylvania. John W. Scott was graduated at Washington college, Washington, Pa., in 1823. He took a post graduate course at Yale university, where he received a degree in 1824. The following year he was appointed professor of mathematics and natural sciences in Washington college, a post he retained for four years, and then resigned to accept a similar professorship in Miami university, in Oxford, O.

After seventeen years in this position he removed to College Hill, near Cincinnati, in order to found the Farmers' college. When this was established he returned to Oxford and founded a woman's college there. He remained for ten years in this place, and then accepted a professorship in Hanover college, near Madison, Ind., which he filled for a term of years. After his retirement from college life he devoted himself to private teaching and to preaching the Gospel. In 1881 he was given a clerkship in the mail division of the pension office, interior department, feeling happier in being engaged in some active work than in rusting out in his old but hale and vigorous age.

Rev. Mr. Scott married in 1825 Mary Potts Neal, daughter of John Neal, whose Philadelphia house had a branch in Washington, Pa. Mrs. Scott was a loving and devoted wife to him. She died in 1876. Several children were born to them, the late Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, wife of the president, being the one best known to the public.

Put Sixty Lives in Peril.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.—At 2 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in a store kept by Mrs. Solomon Levi. The fire department, after much difficulty, succeeded in rescuing sixty persons who were sleeping when the fire was discovered. Early last evening Mrs. Levi left home to attend a ball, leaving her daughter in charge of the store. The young woman left the building about 9 o'clock, after having evidently made careful preparation for burning the house. The daughter cannot be found, but Mrs. Levi has been arrested.

Opposed to the Special Election.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 1.—The common council passed a resolution requesting the representatives of the city in the legislature to urge the repeal of chapter 398 of the laws of 1892, providing for a special election of delegates to the constitutional convention, to be held Feb. 14, 1893, or its amendment, so that the special election may be held on the same day as the regular spring election. The clerk was directed to mail copies of the resolution to the proper authorities in every city of the state, with a request for similar action.

General Jones' Claims.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Dec. 1.—General George W. Jones, Iowa's first United States senator, now in his eighty-ninth year, has departed for Washington to present to congress claims against the government arising from his services in the Black Hawk war and as United States minister to Bogota under President Buchanan. Congress last winter pensioned him for services as drummer boy in the war of 1812.

Government Boats in Danger.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Dec. 1.—A windstorm carried the government snagboats Josephine and Mandan away from their moorings. They drifted upon a bar several miles down the river, and an ice gorge has formed about them so that they cannot be moved. It is feared they will be lost.

The Roof Collapsed.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 1.—The snow laden roof of L. B. Sterling's livery stable, on Cannon street, collapsed, and seventy carriages, hacks and sleighs were smashed into kindling wood. The horses were kept in an outbuilding and escaped.

The President's Message Delayed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—On account of the death of Dr. Scott it is said the president will send a brief message to congress Monday stating that he will forward his regular communication later.

Dr. Borst Still in Jail.

BUFFALO, Dec. 1.—Dr. John A. Borst, president of the Richmond Chemical company, of Philadelphia, who was arrested at Niagara Falls for smuggling phenacetine, is in jail in default of bail.

That Home Rule Scheme.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The statement in the New York Times as cabled to this country of what purports to be Mr. Gladstone's coming plan for Irish home rule is fiction.

Struck a Live Wire.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Dec. 1.—Joseph Powell, Joseph Meyer and the former's horse were shocked and seriously injured by coming in contact with a live telephone wire.

Diaz's Cabinet Resigns.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 1. — President Diaz's cabinet having resigned leaves him unshackled. It is understood that all members of the cabinet will be reappointed.

Peary Silent About His Trip.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 1. — Lieutenant Peary, the arctic explorer, lectured in Association hall. No reference was made to the proposed trip next year.

Another Bank Defaulter.

VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 1.—It is reported that the agent of the Bank of British Columbia at Nelson is a defaulter to the amount of $40,000.

Starved Into Insanity.

JACKSON, Mich., Dec. 1.—William Konagen and his aged wife, fearing prison, starved themselves till they became insane.

Fairchild for the Cabinet.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—The Herald states that Charles S. Fairchild will accept his old portfolio in Cleveland's cabinet.

Distress at Homestead.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 1.—A committee to solicit aid for the needy Homesteaders has been organized in this city.

A GREAT DETECTIVE.

A Man whose Name is Known all over the World.

AN IMPORTANT MATTER THAT OUGHT TO BE KNOWN AND UNDERSTOOD.

What He has to Say about It in His Usual Enthusiastic Way.

A man well known all over the world and whose name is a terror to criminals and evil doers everywhere, is Robert Bruce, head and general superintendent of the great Bruce's American Detective Agency, which has its headquarters at 128 La Salle, St. Chicago.

Mr. Bruce is a great worker; nothing escapes his keen and active mind, and like most men who are enterprising and tireless in their business, he has overworked his brain, and kept his nerves upon such a strain and tension, that nervous difficulties resulted. In fact he felt that relaxed, weakened and enervated condition of mind and body which results in insomnia—that sleepless, restless, wakeful and disturbed condition which, unless arrested so surely resulted in dire disaster to mind, brain and body.

In chatting with the great detective, your reporter saw at a glance that it was with no invalid with whom he was talking. His bright eyes, fresh complexion and energetic manner showed at once that he was again in the best of health. Naturally the change in his condition became the subject of conversation.

"I suffered from insomnia for eight years," he said, "but three bottles of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy completely restored me. This remedy

ROBERT BRUCE.

is worth its weight in gold. I would not be without it if it cost ten times as much.

"I have recommended it to some of my friends and they are also delighted with the result obtained from its use. May Dr. Greene live long and continue to manufacture Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for suffering mankind."

We do not wonder at Mr. Bruce's enthusiasm. Lack of sleep kills. It racks brain and nerves energies. It transforms a strong person into a weak one. If we can eat and sleep well, we can maintain good health.

The writer well knows the wonderful power of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to produce the most restful, invigorating and refreshing sleep, besides making our nerves strong and steady as steel. It does not act like an opiate, but rather by its strengthening and invigorating effect upon brain and nerves. It is perfectly harmless also, being made from pure health-giving vegetable medicines. It is safe to give to infants and children of any age. All druggists keep it for $1.00, and it is indeed a God-send to sufferers for weak nerves and insomnia.

It is not one of the so-called patent medicines, but the discovery and prescription of Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th St. New York, a physician who has made his name famous as the most successful specialist in the treatment of nervous and chronic diseases, and who can be consulted free of charge, either by calling upon him or by writing him.

—The repairs to the Presbyterian church are being speedily pushed to completion one of the best or we might say the most practical improvements is the raising of the floor about seven inches at the rear and sloping it towards the pulpit. The new chandeliers were taken into the church last Monday and at the time of this writing it is thought the new organ will be here this week. Mr. John Noll has laid new stone steps at the entrance under the tall steeple which entrance has been closed for several years. When finished this church will be one of the handsomest and most costly in Centre county. Their new organ will be the largest and the best in town or county now let some of our other churches follow their example.

—We have in our advertising columns this week a new advertisement for McCalmont & Co, This enterprising firm have everything that a farmer wants from a rat trap to the very best farm wagon or traction engine, but now especially call your attention to the Davis Sewing machine. This is really one of the finest machines we ever saw and would be not only a delight to every house wife, but is an article of furniture, is a thing of beauty. Anyone in want of a machine will miss it sadly if they do not call and see what McCalmont can do for them in this line. Store near railroad depot.

THE CRISIS IN FRANCE.

Brisson May Fail to Form a Cabinet—Deputies Trembling with Fear.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—The relatives of Baron Reinach, while opposing the disturbance of his body, will, it is said, not offer any vexatious resistance to the authorities should an autopsy be determined upon. His friends say, however, that even if poison should be discovered it would prove nothing, owing to the baron's habit of experimenting with poisons.

What the public are most interested in is the baron's papers, some of which, it is said, have disappeared, and which would be highly valuable, if reports are true, in showing where much of the money went which was expended in peculiar ways for the Panama canal.

There is no doubt that scores of deputies are trembling with fear of exposure, and all of these voted for the overthrow of the government, in order, if possible, to cover up their tracks during the ensuing excitement.

The supporters of the new Panama company are also strongly opposed to the prosecution. M. Monchicourt, the judicial liquidator of the Panama Canal company, is reported to have declared that he has had nothing to do with the prosecution of the directors. In his opinion such action would be detrimental to the reconstruction of the company, inasmuch as the public will only look at the faults committed, losing sight altogether of the efforts by which it has been sought to resuscitate the scheme with reference to the reported prolongation of the period of the company's concession.

There is some doubt as to whether Brisson will succeed in forming a cabinet. President Carnot is said to be deeply perplexed by the situation, which he had hoped to the last to avoid. He views the overthrow of the ministry as strengthening Constans in his rivalry for the presidency by causing a tendency on the part of the bourgeoisie to look to the strong hand of Constans for protection.

Held Up a Bank.

ALLENTOWN, N. J., Dec. 1.—J. P. Morris and Frederick Smith, desperate burglars, entered the National bank here, "covered" the cashier and his assistant, ordered forth all the funds and made off. Cashier Hutchinson gave chase, and with others captured the men.

White Succeeds Roberts.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Major General Sir George Stuart White has been appointed commander in chief of the British forces in India to succeed Lord Frederick Sleigh Roberts.

Two Men Blown to Pieces.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., Dec. 1.—William Hughes and Edward Nettle were blown to pieces in the Kenosha tunnel, Sierra Nevada mine, by an explosion of powder.

Killed by a Fall of Coal.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Dec. 1. — George Barber, a miner, was killed by a fall of coal in Packer No. 4 colliery.

Smallpox in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Two more cases of smallpox were reported to the health board.

The Weather.

The weather will be fair and winds variable.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Money on call loaned at 4½@5 per cent. this morning. Exchange active and firm; Posted rates, $4.86@4.89; actual rates, $4.85½@4.85½ for sixty days, and $4.87½@4.88 for demand. Governments steady; currency 6s, 105 bid ex-interest; extended 2s, 100¾ bid; 4s, coupon, 114½ bid.

The stock market was much more active this morning. There was quite a heavy liquidation in some of the leading speculatives during the first hour, and prices gave way fractionally in most instances. At 11 o'clock values had declined ⅛ to 1 per cent., except in the case of Lead trust, which advanced 1¾ per cent. In the second hour the selling died out, and there was some recovery under the lead of Sugar trust, which advanced from 108¾ to 109¾. Lake Erie and Western preferred was an exception, declining from 76 to 75. At noon the railroad list as a rule was fractionally lower than last night's figures, while the trusts was slightly higher. The most active speculatives of the morning in addition to Lead trust and Lake Erie and Western preferred were Nickel Plate, St. Paul preferred, Reading, Burlington, St. Paul, Erie, Louisville and Nashville and Northern Pacific. At the close the market was less active and barely steady.

Closing prices:

Atchison	35¼	N. J. Central	125¾
Bur. & Quincy	96¾	North American	12¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	59¼	Northern Pacific	17½
Chesap'ke & Ohio	23¾	Do. pref	50½
Chicago Gas	94½	N. Y. Central	100
Cordage	138½	Omaha	47¾
Cotton Oil	41¾	Ontario & West	18¼
Del. & Hud.	129½	Pacific Mail	28¼
Distillers' Trust	67¾	Reading	53¾
Erie	24¾	Richmond Term'l	8½
General Electric	111	Rock Island	79¾
Hocking Valley	27	Silver Bullion	85¾
Lackawanna	150¼	St. Paul	77½
Lake Shore	129⅝	Sugar Refinery	108¾
Lead	45	Texas Pacific	9¼
Louisville & Nash.	70	Union Pacific	37¾
Missouri Pacific	57	Wabash pref	24
Northwestern	111½	Western Union	86¼
New England	40¾		

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—COTTON—Spot lots quiet; middling uplands, 9 15-16c. Futures steady; December, 9.61c.; January, 9.67c.; February, 9.81c.; March, 9.92c.; April, 10.02c.; May, 10.11c.

FLOUR—Moderately active and steady; fine, $1.70@1.90; superfine, $1.80@2; city mill extras, $4.15@4.25 for West Indies.

WHEAT—Options were weak throughout the morning on a moderate selling. At noon prices had decline ¾c., and the market was dull; receipts, 140,100 bushels; shipments, 192,468 bushels; No. 2 red winter, 75⅛@76⅛c. cash; December, 76⅛c.; January, 77⅛c.; February, 79¼c.; March, 80⅛c.; May, 82¾c.

CORN—Opened weak at ⅛c. decline, and prices remained at that range throughout the morning; receipts, 46,400 bushels; shipments, 294,464 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 51c. cash; December, 50¼c.; January, 51¾c.; May, 53⅝c.

OATS — Opened steady and so remained throughout. Prices at noon were unchanged; receipts, 38,300 bushels; shipments, 40 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 36¼c. cash and December; January, 37⅛c.; February, 38⅛c.; May, 40¾c.

RYE—Steady, but quiet; prices range from 55@58¼c. for carlots and boatloads.

BARLEY—Steady; western, 65@80c.; two rowed state, 65c.

MOLASSES—Dull and unchanged; New Orleans, 30@35c.

SUGAR—Refined quiet; cut loaf and crushed, 5.31@5⅛c.; granulated, 4.81@5c.; mold A, 4.94@5¼c.; confectioners', 4.56@4¾c.

COFFEE—Spot lots easier; Rio No. 7, 16¾c.

RICE—Trading fair, prices steady; Japan, 4⅛@5c.; domestic, 3¼@5¾c.

PORK—Dull and firm; old mess, $13.50@13.75; new mess, $14.50@14.75.

LARD—Quiet; January, $9.55; March, $9.40; May, $9.40.

BUTTER—In fair demand; creamery state, best, 25@29c.; western separator, extras, 31½@32c.

CHEESE—Quiet and unchanged; state factory full cream, fall made, fancy white, 10¾@11c.; colored, 10¾@11c.

EGGS—In light demand; state, new laid, choice, 28c.; western, 26@27c. for good to choice.

TURPENTINE—Dull and unchanged; 31½@32c.

DR. SCOTT DEAD.

The Venerable Father-In-Law of the President Passes Away.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 29—Dr. Scott, father-in-law of the president is dead.

The end that has been waiting with so much dread and anxiety all forenoon came at 4:10 o'clock this afternoon. The aged invalid passed away without a struggle as quietly and peacefully as a child falls asleep. He had been unconscious for hours and was unable to recognize the weeping friends at his bedside. Stimulants were administered hypodermically, but only served to defer the inevitable. The president and family are very much prostrated at their bereavement.

The White House was closed to visitors to-day and the usual semi-weekly meeting was ommitted. Secretary Elkins and Postmaster General Wanamaker saw the president for a few minutes this morning. Mgr. Satolli, the papal legate, accompanied by Archbishop Ireland and the Rev. Father O. Gorman, called at the White House to-day to pay their respects to the president. They were unable to see him, however, as he has denied himself to all visitors. The distinguished churchmen had a pleasant chat with Mr. Hartford, and left a message of sympathy for the president.

Dr Scott graduated from a college at Washington, Pa., and subsequently took a post-graduate course at Yale. Afterward he accepted a professorship in the college from which he graduated, which position he held for two years. About this time he married Mary Neal, and going West, he accepted a professorship in Miami university at Miami, O., in 1826. While there three children were born to him: Elizabeth, afterwards Mr. Lord; California, afterwards Mrs. Harrison, and John Neal Scott. A number of years later Dr. Scott founded the Oxford (O.) female college, and in 1850 became its president.

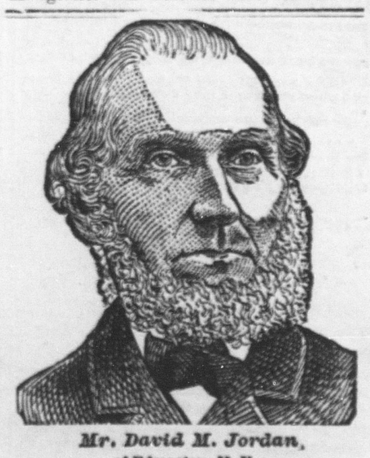
The arrangements for the funeral are completed, with the exception of a few details that will be adjusted hereafter. Brief religious services over the remains will be held in the east room of the White House at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon. They will be conducted by the Rev. Tennis S. Hamlin, the pastor of the Church of Covenant, of which the president and his family are attendants. During the afternoon or evening the body will be removed to the Pennsylvania railroad station and placed in the train, in which it will be taken to Washington, Pa., where the interment will be made. The start from this city will be made at such an hour Thursday night as will enable the funeral party to reach Washington in time for the interment to take place Friday morning. The remains of Dr. Scott's wife are buried at Washington, his former home. The president and family will accompany the remains to their final resting-place.

THE KAISER GOT MAD.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—A Berlin correspondent cables as follows: "I have it direct from a court personage that the emperor is very angry about the interview supposed to have been given by Prince Bismarck to a French journalist. In speaking to an aide-de-camp he used the grossest kind of epithets about Bismarck calling him an 'old traitor,' 'an ungrateful conspirator, etc. It took several hours for him to calm down. For some time there was talk of an imperial rescript being issued and a cablent council was called to consider the matter.

"A close friend of Prince Bismarck assured me this morning that there was absolutely no truth in the interview. Moreover, he said that Bismarck in talking to him on the subject expressed himself quite differently."

WE DON'T think we will now need a law restricting immigration. As soon as the democracy gets its work in on the tariff the Immigrants will "restrict" themselves



Mr. David M. Jordan,
of Edmeston, N. Y.

Colorless, Emaciated, Helpless

A Complete Cure by **HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.**

This is from Mr. D. M. Jordan, a retired farmer, and one of the most respected citizens of Otsego Co., N. Y.

"Fourteen years ago I had an attack of the gravel, and have since been troubled with my

Liver and Kidneys

gradually growing worse. Three years ago I got down so low that **I could scarcely walk.** I looked more like a corpse than a living being. I had no appetite and for five weeks I **ate nothing but gruel.** I was badly emaciated and had no more color than a **marble statue.** Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and I thought I would try it. Before I had finished the first bottle I noticed that I felt better, suffered less, the **inflammation of the bladder** had subsided, the color began to return to my face, and I **began to feel hungry.** After I had taken three bottles I could eat anything without hurting me. Why, I got so hungry that I had to eat 5 times a day. I have now fully recovered, thanks to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I feel well and am well. All who know me marvel to see me so well." D. M. JORDAN.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

SOLONS OF THE NATION

The Last Session of the Fifty-second Congress Opens Monday.

THE APPROPRIATION BILLS.

It Is the Intention to Push Them as Rapidly as Possible—Holman in Favor of Reductions and Opposed to Any Additional Ships for the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Congress opens on Monday next, and senators and representatives are crowding into the city from all over the country, and an air of importance is beginning to pervade the capital. Preparations for the meeting of congress have been completed at the Capitol. The legislative chambers have been renovated. On the senate side extensive improvements have peen made in the ventilation apparatus, and the entire system of plumbing has been changed and improved.

The house committee on appropriations began work by referring the estimates for pensions, fortifications and the District of Columbia to subcommittees for the formulation of the several bills for these branches of the public service. At the meeting but four of the fifteen members were absent. It is probable the District of Columbia bill will be ready to report shortly after the opening of the session. It is the purpose to push the appropriation bills as rapidly as possible, and an effort will be made to send at least one of the regular money bills to the senate before the adjournment for the holidays.

Holman on Expenditures.

Mr. Holman, the "watchdog of the treasury," has arrived to begin the work of the session. Speaking of the expenditures for the coming two years, Mr. Holman said:

"There should be reductions all along the line, so that the revenues will not be less than the expenditures. Some of these appropriations have to be met in full and will not permit of any cutting, such, for instance, as the pension bill, the soldiers' home and life saving appropriations, and matters of that class. But there are other bills wherein very material reductions can be made. The sundry civil ought to be greatly reduced. There are few departments of the government where the expenditures are not greater than the public service requires. The incidental expenses have grown to an enormous extent. I believe that the Republicans in the senate will act with us in reducing all these matters to the minimum.

"This question of public expenditures entered freely into the recent campaign. It has created a sentiment that I have never heard expressed as I have during the past few months. The tendency of the federal government toward extravagance has had its effect upon local governments, both state and municipal, and as the federal expenses have kept going up the expenses of local governments have kept pace with them. People have finally become alarmed over the condition this is bringing us to, and they are looking at it from an entirely different standpoint. A halt must be called on this extravagance, and the Democratic party must do it. For years to come these two questions of taxation and public expenditures will go hand in hand, and be the greatest of all issues before the American people."

If the influence of Mr. Holman prevails at the coming session and in the Fifty-third congress, there will be no additional ships built for the navy.

Opposed to New Cruisers.

"We have more ships now than we can man," said he, "more than we ever had before in time of peace, and who is going to assume the responsibility of increasing the personnel of the navy? A large navy is dangerous; it is dangerous to the party in power, and, with the implements of war at hand, it is entirely too easy to get into trouble. We do not need it. Diplomacy is our weapon. A single note to Napoleon left Maximilian to his fate, and a note to England that we were dissatisfied with the Alabama matter sent her like a culprit before a justice of the peace and caused her to submit to a fine of $50,000,000. No, I believe that we have a navy amply large enough for all that we require, and I do not believe the Democratic party will countenance any attempt to further increase it."

In the opinion of Mr. Holman the sundry civil bill can be very materially cut down at the coming session as compared with that of last year. He expects that the estimates of the secretary of the treasury will present aggregates much below those carried in the last sundry civil bill, and he also believes that congress can hold the amounts to be appropriated below those which may be recommended by the secretary. Liberal allowances were made in the sundry civil bill at the last session, in the opinion of Mr. Holman, and this fact should be kept in mind by congress in formulating the bill at the coming session. It is very evident that he will not permit congress to forget this point. Mr. Holman will make an effort to get the sundry bill before the house at an early day with a view of enforcing his economical views and making a start upon that measure which shall set the pace for the other money bills.

The Monroe Doctrine Not Involved.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—In regard to the alleged infringement of the Monroe doctrine on the Isthmus of Panama by the recent action of the French government, it is stated in well informed quarters that our government finds nothing to intervene about. The whole matter, as far as it has progressed, is simply an abrogation of contract between the Pacific Mail company and the Panama Railway company, affording no ground for international complaint.

Wants to Be Pension Agent.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 28.—A. J. Patterson, of Jonesboro, Tenn., the sole male survivor of the family of Andrew Johnson, is a candidate for pension agent for his district.

Massachusetts Will Make Sure.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—The executive council finished the official count of the votes cast in the recent election, but decided to have the returns gone over again.

Iowa's Official Vote.

DES MOINES, Nov. 28.—Iowa's official vote complete is: Harrison, 219,373; Cleveland, 196,408; Weaver, 20,616; Bidwell, 6,322.

Four Were Drowned.

RALEIGH, Nov. 28.—A schooner capsized at Brook's Landing and George E. Richards, William Willoughby, Henry Gaylor and a boy, whose name is not known, wer drowned.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

EDITED BY MISS E. P. TUTEN.

CENTRE COUNTY AND BELLEFONTE LOCAL OFFICERS.

President—Mrs John P. Harris.
Vice Pres.—Mrs. James Harris.
Secretary—Miss Eliza Thomas.
Treasurer—Mrs. D. D. Mitchell.

Regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. is held every Thursday at 4 o'clock P. M. in the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 20, Criders Exchange.

Gospel temperance meeting every Sunday afternoon at 2.30 at the same place.

A cordial invitation to attend these meetings is extended to all.

Sewing school every Saturday afternoon from 2 to 4; also held at room 20. To this school children are earnestly invited.

The exchange is open every Saturday at 3 P. M. in the room formerly occupied by Mr. McManamus as a law office. A good variety of break, pies, puddings, cake and candy always on hand. Orders for Sunday dinner deserts promptly filled.

Who hath woe? Who hath sorrow? Who hath Contentions? Who hath babblings? Who hath wounds without cause? Who hath redness of eyes? Prov. xxiii--29

They that tarry long at the wine; they that go to seek mixed wine. Prov. xxiii-30.

Look not on the wine when it is red when it giveth its color in the cup, when it moveth itself aright. Prov. xxiii-91. For at last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder. Prov. xxiii-32.

The judges and the magistrates of Ireland are unanimous in their verdict that at least seventy-five per cent. of the nation's crime is attributable to the use of drink.

The mother makes a pretence of casting to the ground the dear child in her arms, so that the child may cling more closely to her.—St. Ambrose.

Such as thy words are, such will thy affections be esteemed; and such will thy deeds, as thy affections; and such thy life, as thy deeds.—Socrates.

He Careth for You.

Speaking on the subject of "rest" Mr. Moody said in one of his addresses in England recently, that Christians should not carry a burden of cares and troubles. Some people seem to take a morbid pleasure in raking up all the sorrows of the past; to these they add the burdens of the present; then they look ahead, and anticipate a great many more trials than they will ever experience in the future; they tie them all together, swing them across their shoulder, and go reeling and staggering through the world with the accumulated load. If they should come to a warm religious meeting they lay their burdens down for the moment and say to themselves: "What a refreshing time we have had;" but no sooner do they leave the pew than the old load of trouble is shouldered, and they are as downcast as before. Cast all your care upon the Lord, for He careth for you.

Serve God before the world, let Him not go
Until thou hast a blessing; then resign
The whole unto Him, and remember who
Prevailed by wrestling ere the sun did shine,
Pour oil upon the stones; weep for thy sin;
Then journey on, and have an eye to Heaven
When the world's up, and every swarm abroad,
Keep thou thy temper; mix not with each day
Despatch necessities; Life hath a load
Which must be carried on, and safely may;
Yet keep these cares without thee; let the heart
Be God's alone, and choose the better part.
—*H. Vaughin*

This is a marvellous thing, that, not by the things that seem to be for our security, but by their very opposites, all things come to be for our advantage. Unless the infants had been "cast forth," Moses would not have been saved.—*St. Chrysostom*,

It was no love of mine, dear Lord,
That won Thy love for me;
On me were Thy compassions poured
From the recursed tree.

And now I hold Thee by no bands
Of sainly prayer or deed;
I hold Thee with my trembling hands—
These hands of guilt and need

Savior and sinner, we have met;
And, meeting, will not part,
The blood that bought me claims me yet;
Christ has me in His heart,

So pure, though vile, and rich, though poor;
I have my all in Thee;
Beloved and loving, pledged, secure
To all eternity.

Dr. Ganse.

A glorious morn for the race is approaching. Already you can see its dawn. With the inspiration that comes from this blessed fact, up and be doing. Assert your heroism in everything that will tend to make you heroes for God and humanity.

"This above all—to thine own self be true;
And it must follow, as the night the day,
Thou canst not then be false to any man."

Conquer every enemy that would make you less a man; lay low every foe that would rise up between you and God. Better is "he that ruleth his spirit than he that taketh a city." Political freedom is good; there is a better freedom still. Would you hear its music? Would you know its song? Listen! "And ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free." It was the mission of the Son of God to make men free, "to proclaim liberty to the captives, and the opening of the prison to them that are bound." Remember—

"Man's inhumanity to man
Makes countless millions mourn."

Will you not, like brave men, help to break the fetters of worse than African slaves? Will not the bitter tears of heart broken widows, the piercing cries of orphans whose fathers went down to graves from which there will be no joyful resurrection, move you to slay the vampire that is draining the life blood of the race? American slavery slew its thousands; the American saloon slays its tens of thousands. The Bible does not say "No slave shall inherit the kingdom of God," but it does say that no drunkard shall inherit the kingdom of God. Slavery has been fitly called "the sum of all villanies;" but what name is fitting for that branch of traffic that degrades a human being from the image of God to the loathsome condition of a drunkard? I must pause, for certainly I do not know; but in the day when "the dead, small and great, shall stand before God," forming a company which no man can number, let the millions of souls, in that vast assembly wrecked by intemperance, look up at Him who sits on the "great white throne" and cry, "O Judge, by what name shall we call the men who, for filthy lucre, were willing to secure our dark damnation forever?"

CORNELIUS VANDERBILT'S SUMMER HOME BURNED.

NEWPORT, R. I.,—The "Breakers," the elegant and costly summer residence of Cornelius Vanderbilt is to-night a mass of smoldering ruins. Blackened and crumbling walls of brick and heaps of ashes are all that now remain of the palatial villa, which for years has been numbered among Newport's largest and finest residences. The fire which broke out this afternoon destroyed all the valuable contents of the villa, including furniture, bric a brac, wearing apparel and rare and costly articles of every description.

The house was built a dozen or fifteen years ago for P. Lorillard, of New York, and was bought with the extensive grounds for $400,000 by Mr. Vanderbilt in 1885. More than $100,000 was expended in additions and improvements to the building. In a single hall hung tapestries worth $50,000.

Members of the family and servants alike lost all their clothing. Mr. Vanderbilt and family found temporary refuge in the gardener's cottage on the premises and were entertained during the night by hospitable neighbors Mr. Vanderbilt could give no accurate estimate of his loss, which, however, he stated, was largely covered by insurance, placed through New York brokers, it is thought to be about $300,000. He said that although he had intended to remain in his cottage here until after the Christmas holidays, his family would now go at once to their New York residence. He will probably build a new and elegant villa at an early day. The silver, jewels and other valuables of a like character were placed in the safes by the servants and are probably all right. Vanderbilt and family have only been here since October 1, having spent the season elsewhere this year because of the recent death of their oldest son.

CHICAGO'S BANDIT.

He Still Robs People and Remains Uncaptured.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—The highwayman and police are still at war and the tax payers are supporting them both. To-day's list of robberies surpasses in number that of yesterday.

Henry Litzberg, a peddler, was the first man to meet the lone highwayman to-day, but it was early in the day and he had not yet begun to peddle, so he had no money. This was in the northwestern part of town, and the police immediately began looking in that direction for a man on horseback. They peppered one fellow, but he did not prove to be a thief and that part of the campaign came to naught.

The police were informed that a man on horseback had been seen in Pennock, a little town northwest of here. Twenty men with rifles surrounded the place and when a man was seen riding rapidly away a bullet was sent after him. It brought down the horse and the rider then proved that he was a hostler returning from a blacksmith shop. He was allowed to go and the police came back to town.

Mrs. Nettie Warner of Boone, Ia., told the police tonight that she had been chloroformed in a cab and robbed of diamond rings worth $600. The job was done by two cab drivers, and as Mrs. Warner is unable to desbribe them or give their numbers they will continue in business.

Numerous other small roberies are reported from various parts of the city, and the police, though working desperately hard, seem unable to check the carnival of crime.

A SENATOR IN PETTICOATS?

Will Kansas Send a Woman to a Seat in the Upper House of Congress?

Mrs. Mary E. Lease, the Kansas woman who has figured with such picturesque prominence in the recent political history of that State, is a person very positive character and masculine bent. When she identified herself with the Farmers' Alliance and took the stump, it was, as she said, "because the Republican party had no room for a woman." As a speaker she is forcible without being eloquent. She is now an avowed candidate for the United States Senatorship, although she declines to make a "scramble" for the place. She is the first female candidate for the upper House of Congress, and has received many letters of encourgement from the men of Kansas, although but one woman has written to her. She will not withdraw from the race.

—Snow Shoe Lodge, No. 225, I. O. O. F. gave an entertainment in their Hall at Snow Shoe, on Wednesday evening Nov. 23, consisting of singing recitations speeches etc. After the literary feast a fine supper was served to the ladies and gentlemen present then a social hour for interchange of pleasantries at 12 o'clock the entertainment dissolved all had a good time.

DEMOCRATS TO CONFER

A Meeting That May Decide the Special Session Question.

GORMAN FOR THE CABINET.

It Is Said Among the Leaders That the Maryland Senator May Be Given the State Portfolio—The New York Senatorship—To Divide Kansas.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—An important conference of Democratic leaders, it is expected, will be held in this city on Tuesday, at which the question of an extra session of congress after the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland will be discussed.

Among others who are expected to be present at the conference are Speaker Crisp, Senators Carlisle, Gorman and Brice, Hon. Don M. Dickinson, Hon. William C. Whitney and other local Democratic leaders, including representatives of congress from this city.

Some of the leading Democratic bankers and business men of the city may also be asked to express their views on the subject of an extra session of congress.

Some of the leaders who will be present at the conference, it is understood, will oppose an extra session of congress and will urge the appointment of a special committee by the present house of representatives to investigate the present tariff system and prepare a bill for the Fifty-third congress.

The condition of the treasury will also be discussed in connection with the extra session question.

Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, who is one of the Democratic leaders in the senate, said that he was not in favor of an extra session of congress, and did not believe there was any necessity for one.

It seems to be the general opinion of the politicians here that Senator Gorman will be offered a place in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet, and most likely, it is said, the secretaryship of state. Mr. Gorman, however, when questioned on the subject refused to be interviewed.

Smith M. Weed had a short conference with Senator Gorman before the latter started for home. Mr. Weed has been mentioned as a candidate for the United States senatorship, and he, too, refused to talk politics.

State Senator George Z. Erwin and a number of other Republicans from up the state were in town. From some of them it was learned that the Republican votes in the legislature would be cast for Senator Frank Hiscock in the election for United States senator.

The Division of Kansas.

TOPEKA, Nov. 28.—The scheme to divide Kansas and make a new commonwealth is gaining adherents every day. A dozen prominent Western Kansas politicians are here, and all admit that the plans have been made to make a fight before congress and the state legislature this winter. A serious obstacle, however, confronts them in the fact that in the proposed new state there are only 223,000 people, which would allow them only one congressman, and not more than two in any event. The original movers figured on three congressmen.

If the rumors that several prominent Texans and two millionaires of Colorado are in the deal prove to be true the population will be increased many thousands. No Man's Land, to which Texas claims a title, and which borders western Kansas on the south, is to be added to the new state, a strip of country 30 miles wide by 175 long. It is stated that Clark, late candidate for governor of Texas, and others at Fort Worth are in the movement to add No Man's land to the new state.

The same authority says Colorado would be willing to cut off a fifty mile strip in the east, and that Senator Wolcott is in the deal.

McLaughlin Opposes Murphy.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 28.—The Brooklyn Citizen, which is supposed to speak officially for Boss McLaughlin, says: "We object to Mr. Murphy for senator because his election would tend to perpetuate the division in this state between Cleveland and anti-Cleveland men, and would be no otherwise construed throughout the country than as evidence that the Democratic machine of this state proposed to face the new administration in a condition of armed neutrality. To be in a position to tie up the senate, in case the appointments of President Cleveland did not please it, is what the election of Murphy would be everywhere held to signify, and to any such performance The Citizen and the Democracy of Kings county are uncompromisingly antagonistic."

Stevenson Besieged.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Vice President-elect Stevenson arrived at the Palmer House, as he said, on business of a strictly private nature, yet office seekers are besieging him. "I have not seen Mr. Cleveland since the election," said Mr. Stevenson, "and I know absolutely nothing of his probable course, except what I may have learned from the newspapers. I don't know whether an Illinois man will be given a place in the cabinet, but should be glad to see one of her favorite sons so honored. Neither do I know whether there will be a special session of congress."

Murray Gets the Seat.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 28.—The state board of examiners (Democratic officials) have decided the contest in the Seventh district by declaring G. W. Murray, a colored Republican, of Sumter, the successful candidate. Moise, a white Democrat, ran against him. There were many irregularities in this district, and the contest before the board was made by able lawyers. The outcome speaks well for Democratic fairness in this state.

The Panama Canal Affair.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The Panama canal affair is being thoroughly investigated by the state department. It is hinted that the president may refer to the matter in his message.

A Well Known Newspaper Man Dead.

BOSTON, Nov. 30.—William G. Blanchard, one of Boston's old time newspaper men and the first New England agent of the New York Associated Press, which position he held twenty-five years up to 1874, is dead, aged seventy-six.

Died in Horrible Agony.

RALEIGH, Nov. 30.—John Nolan, bitten five months ago by a dog, has died in frightful agony of rabies.

The First of the Season.

NYACK, N. Y., Nov. 30.—The first sleighs of the season were out Tuesday in Rockland county.

ST. JACOBS OIL

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, SPRAINS,
BRUISES, BURNS, SWELLINGS,
NEURALGIA.

A copy of the "Official Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, descriptive of Buildings and Grounds, beautifully illustrated, in water color effects, will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10c. in postage stamps by THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

You and Your Children

It is a wonderful remedy, which is alike beneficial to you and your children. Such is *Scott's Emulsion* of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It checks wasting in the children and produces sound, healthy flesh. It keeps them from taking cold and it will do the same for you

Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, **Colds, Consumption**, Scrofula and **all Anaemic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting** in children. **Almost as palatable** as milk. Get only **the genuine.** Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

Iron City College.

NORTHWEST CORNER PENN AVENUE AND SIXTH STREET, PITTSBURG, PA
TWENTY-THREE THOUSAND GRADUATES.

The largest and most progressive Business College in the United States. Send for new illustrated catalogue giving full particulars, mailed free. Address,

36 8t J. C. SMITH'S SONS.

THE TOLEDO WEEKLY BLADE.

The most popular and best known weekly newspapar printed in this country is the TOLEDO BLADE. For more than twenty years it has had circulation of 100,000 to 200,000, going regular into every state and territory of the Union. From fifteen to twenty five tons of print paper is consumed in each week's edition, and it is regulary mailed to more than half the postoffices of the United States. It is a peculiar fact that the BLADE is the only weekly newspaper published that has regular subsribers in all parts of the United States. It is edited with special reference to the wants of all people in all sections. It is also made to interest every member of the family. Besides all the news of the world, it has Serial and Short Stories, Wit and Humor, Poetry, Camp-fire. Farm, Sunday School Lessons, Young Folks, Poultry, Puzzles, Household, Answers to Correpondents, Etc, Etc. As a special feature for 1893, Mr. Robinson Locke, editor and proprietor of the BLADE, has just sailed for Japan, and will contribute a series of illustrated letters on the manners and customs of that peculiar country and its people. These articles will be commenced some time in February or March; and will be worth to the readers of the BLADE many times the subscription price. Every readers of this paper is invited to send for a specimen copy. The publishers of the BLADE would be glad to send a specimen copy to every reader in this country. Subscription price of the BLADE, one dollar a year. Five dollars in cash will be paid to any person sending in a small club of subscribers. Write for agents' terms, giving particulars. Address "THE BLADE, Toledo, Ohio." We will furnish the BLADE and Republican for $2.25 a year.

—The temperance meetings at the rooms occupied by the W. C. T. U. are very interesting, and well attended. On Sunday afternoon last Mr. James Harris led the meeting.

Bellefonte Markets.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 70
Mixed wheat per bushel	65
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	45
Oats	35
Barley	40
Cloverseed, fair to good	8 00
do prime and extra prime	8 50
do choice	9 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 60
Flour, wholesale	4 40
Hay choice mixed, per ton	10 00
" prime timothy " "	12.00
" choice " " "	15.00

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Green apples, per bushel	50
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	8
New Raisins, per pound	10 — 13
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	16
Country Hams, per pound	10
Hams, sugar cured	14
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	14
Country Bacon	8
Lard, leaf, per pound	10
Lard, country, per pound	8
Eggs, per dozen	25
Potatoes, per bushel	55
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	8
Canned Tomatoes, per can	9—12—15
Canned Corn, per can	1—12½—18
Lemons, per dozen	30
Oranges, per dozen	40—50
Dried sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	31
Roller Flour, per sack	1 15

THE DAVIS!

What is The Davis? The best Sewing Machine on earth.

It is the only vertical feed sewing machine ever made.

It sews through thick and thin, without any change of feed; which is the only feed, which will move one thickness or a dozen thicknesses of the same goods and sew the same without making any change.

It has all the attachments. It is light running. It is very durable and we guarantee it to be a long lived machine.

It is a beautiful piece of furuiture and an ornament in any household.

Reader, if you want to make your wife happy, present her with a Davis Sewing Machine.

Young man, if you want to make a present to your sister or to some other young man's sister, a Davis Sewing Machine will make your attachment doubly strong and make you twice as happy.

We challenge any other sewing machines to meet the Davis in a contest, as to the real merits of each, and will be glad to make a public exhibition in practical and fancy sewing. If three or more machines will aceept this challenge, we will furnish the room free of charge, including light and heat for that purpose.

We invite all persons interested in the best Sewing machines to call at our store and examine the Davis; when we will take great pleasure in exhibiting the machine and explaining its merits.

McCALMONT & CO.

47 tf

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 512 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Cures Sick Headache

CARDINAL LAVIGERIE DIES AT HIS AFRICAN SEE.

He was a Man of Vast Ability and Learning and Was Prominent in the affairs of His Church.

LONDON.—A dispatch from Algiers announces the death of Charles Martial Allemand, Cardinal Lavigerie, archibishop of Carthage and Algiers. He was born at Bayonne, France, Oct. 31, 1825. He was educated for the church, and soon became noted for his learning on theological subjects. He became professor of ecclesiastical history in the Sorbonne. His abilities early attracted attention beyond the bounds of France, and he was summoned to hold various posts at the papal court.

By the decree of March, 1863, he was designated as bishop of Nancy, and by a later decree of Jan. 12, 1867, he was transferred to the see of Algiers, which was erected into an archbishopric. He was afterward promoted to the rank of cardinal, and has gained world wide fame on account of his successful efforts to reconcile the papacy to the French republic.

It was through Cardinal Lavigerie that the present pope was led to issue his famous statement to the effect that the Catholics of Erance should recognize and obey the republic, and substantially that there was no cause for difference between the church and the republican institutions. This position of the pope was a death blow to the monarchist movement in France, and many who had faithfully adhered to the royalist cause, because the church was supposed to be in sympathy with royalty, now gave in their adhesion to the republic.

Cardinal Lavigerie's influence is believed, also, to have had something to do with shaping the pope's favorable attitude toward republican institutions in the United States and throughout the world. Cardinal Lavigerie was an earnest opponent of the slave trade, and devoted much of his time and energies to the agitation of its suppression. To his efforts are largely due the measures taken by civilized nations to suppress the slave trade in Africa.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ALWAYS EQUAL TO ITS TASK.

The history of the United States for the past thirty-two years is the history of the Republican party. When the Republicans took charge of the national government a third of a century ago the country had been brought to the verge of ruin by the practical application of the Democratic dogmas of free trade, cheap labor and cheap money. The federal government had no credit abroad and no strength at home. The Treasury was bankrupt, the finances disorganized, the flag dishonored by slavery and menaced by treason. The country, abounding in all the resources of wealth, was impoverished and dependent upon European capitalists for its manufactured products.

Besides the tremendous task of suppressing the mightiest rebellion of history, the Republican party found itself confronted with the necessity of reconstructing the financial and industrial interests of the nation. All the world knows how successfully the work was accomplished. A material advancement that is without precedent in human annals, a nationality so compact that nothing can shatter it, financial credit that the proudest monarchy of the Old World cannot surpass, a prestige of foreign governments, industrial independence, a superb navy, a sound currency, a new system of commercial alliance with the richest of Latin America—these are some of the results of Republican rule. Never before have the masses of the people been so prosperous, never have wages been so high or the necessities of life so low in price as they are to-day.

Cleveland's administration, be it remembered, was powerless to reverse Republican legislation or to check the tide of national progress and prosperity. Republicanism, firmly intrenched in the Senate, was able to bid defiance to Democratic schemes and to protect American industries from the assaults of Southern Bourbons and Northern free traders.

The Republican party will not change beliefs. It will not retreat from its advocacy, liberal pensions to veterans and fair elections in every State in the Union. It will continue to demand the maintenance of American honor and the protection of American rights in every part of the world. And it will take charge of the government of the country and proceed once more to carry forward the work of developing its resources and increasing the the welfare of its people when the unpatriotic and incapable Democracy is buried in disgrace from power in 1896.

UNABLE TO TELL.

YES, that was so. For years I suffered severely with scrofula; sores broke out all over my body, and I am unable to tell one half that I suffered. I was not able to obtain relief until I used Sulphur Bitters, which completely cured me.—C. B. DALE, 17 Allston street, Boston.

The deposits of the savings banks of Cleveland have increased more than $4,000,000 in the last twelve months. The rate of gain is about 10 per cent. Meanwhile the increase in the population of the city has not been more than 7 or 8 per cent. The amount of deposits in proportion to the number of people in Cleveland must be larger, therefore, than it was a year ago. Beyond question, the splendid growth of the saving institutions of the city proves that the wage-workers, the artisans, the laborers, have bettered their condition very decidedly within the past year.—*Cleveland Leader.*

The greatest of all pain cures, Salvation Oil, may be confidently relied on to speedily heal scalds and burns. It is recommended by many prominent housekeepers and cooks as a curative that "just fills the bill." Its effect is magical.

1860 AND 1893.

The first session of the democratic Congress which followed the much denounced billion dollar Republican Congress spent $44,000,000 more than its Republican predecessor spent at its first session, and now the democratic papers are howling about a deficit in the Treasury.

But who is responsible for this alleged deficit? What is its origin? Without the public debt and the pension payments there could be no deficit and for both of these the Democratic party is solely responsible. When it went out of power with Buchanan in 1861 what did it leave to the Republican party which came in? Not only a deficit in the Treasury, but also public credit so impaired that a government loan could be negotiated only by the payment of 12 per cent. interest.

It left the country embroiled in a war brought by the democratic secessionists who now constitute the Solid South. It left us the sinful blight of slavery. It left us war, devastation and ruin and an appalling loss of human life. The pension fund resulted and an enormous public debt, every dollar of which should have been paid by the secessionists of the South, but most of which is a burden upon the commercial and industrial interests of the North. The tariff tax is as nothing compared with the tax democratic secession levied upon the people of this country.

How does the Republican party go out of power! With the credit of this government the best in the world; with government loans negotiable at 2 per cent.; with slavery wiped out; secession and nullification everlastingly killed, and the Star Spangled Banner respected at home and abroad.

The Republican party came into power thirty-two years ago on the ruins of a government which the democratic party had sought to destroy. It leaves the government strong, the nation unified and the people wonderfully blessed and prosperous.

Let Republican papers enter into this discussion. We are just beginning a new campaign of education.

"I was deaf for a year, caused by catarrh in the head, but was perfectly cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla." H. HICKS, Rochester, N. Y.

THIS IS VALUABLE NEWS.

There are hundreds of our people who are suffering from lingering diseases who have not received benefit from their family physicians. Such sufferers should write a description of their cases to the famous Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th Street, New York, the discoverer of the renowned medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and remedy, and successful specialist in the cure of all forms of nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free of charge—that is, a full description of the case should be written him, and he will return his diagnosis of the case, whether curable, and advice in regard to treatment, without charge. In his carefully considered answer he will fully explain your disease and give you a perfect understanding of all its symptoms, free of any expense.

Dr. Greene has devoted special attention to treatment through letter correspondence and his successes in the cure of this class of diseases by his harmless vegetable remedies, is without a parallel. As consultation is thus entirely free, sufferers in our vicinity should seize this opportunity which affords an almost certainty of being cured.

KINDNESS.

The world is full of kindness that never was spoken, and that was not much better than no kindness at all. The fuel in the stove makes the room warm, but there are great piles of fallen trees lying on rocks and on tops of hills where nobody can get them. These do not make anybody warm. You might freeze to death for want of fuel in plain sight of these fallen trees if you had no means of getting the wood home and making a fire of it.

Just so in a family; love is what makes the parents and children, the brothers and sisters happy. But if they take care never to say a word about it; if they keep it a profound secret as if it were a crime, they will not be much happier than if there was not any love among them; the house will seem cool even in summer, and if you live there, you will envy the dog when anybody calls him poor fellow.—[Dr. Holland.]

Public spirit, a genuine interest in all questions of national or social importance, is as essential a part of true womanhood as of true manhood; and women ought not to be exempt from the duty of voting. —*Mrs. Charles, Author of "The Schonberg Cotta Family."*

Everybody feels the justice of the Golden Rule, "Do unto others as you would have others do unto you." Would men have women rob them of their ballot? No. Then let not men rob women of their ballot. That is the golden rule put into practical form.—*Rev. Dr. David Gregg*

MILLIONAIRES.

There is a great deal said about millionaires now-a-days that is not complimentary, but we presume that this has been the case ever since Adam owned the whole earth. We wonder how many, who condemn the "soulless, sordid millionaire," would not take his millions, if he could. The man who dreams of wealth, sighs for wealth, prays for wealth, and gets and keeps all the wealth he can, is not a millionaire only because he cannot be Who knows but what Lazarus wished with all his might for the riches of Dives? All men are pretty nearly alike at a certain depth. There is considerable more outside difference than inside.

But we are getting away from our subject. We commenced to write about millionaires, and were going to say a good word for some of them, as we believe in giving the devil (that is the millionaire) his due. As everybody knows, fortune does not drop into a man's hand. Back of wealth there will somewhere be found work and brains. It has been said that a fool can make money but it takes a wise man to keep it. The big fortunes of the world do not take care of themselves, and we presume that no ten men give more hours in every day to hard thought and study than the ten richest men in the land. Besides industry there goes with wealth good habits, or the wealth soon goes. Some writer has taken the trouble to ascertain the personal habits of a few of the wealthiest men of the country, and he tells us that of the nine leading millionaires of America not one uses tobacco, and that only two or three touch ardent spirits at all, and these only sparingly. More than this could hardly be said of the nine poorest men in America. Whatever may be said of the vices of the titled rich of the old world, the untitled rich of the new world are not open to similar charges. No men in the nation live more exemplary lives than Russell Sage, C. P, Huntingdon, John D. Rockefeller, Jay Gould, William Waldorf Astor, and the two Vanderbilts. So far, honor then to America's millionaires!

The worst that can be said of these men is that they are insanely avaricious, and we do not know of anything much worse that can be said of anybody. They all have from one hundred to one thousand times as much money as a man can make a decent use of in this life, and every dollar that a man make a good and wise use of, is an injury to him, and through him an injury to the world.

We believe that it has not yet been demonstrated by any political economist just how many dollars a man is entitled to in this world, nor where the limit ought be to human ambition in the way of getting rich. Some men can make a better use of a million dollars than others can of ten dollars. But no one will contend that all the money goes into the hands that make the best use of it. It seems as though there ought to be a limit to accumulation somewhere this side of the earth. When a man's motto is, Money for accumulation only; he has a mighty poor idea of money. But how many men there are who are living simply to add more dollars to their already large pile! Someone has figured out that if the Vanderbilt millions were to increase as rapidly for the next one hundred years as they have during the past fifty years, at the end of that time the head of the family would be worth $204,800,000,000. Will the race for riches end with the abolition of property? It seems as though such must be the result of the mad avarice that is trying to get possession of everything within its reach.

It looks as if the virtue of saving money had become a vice. The multiplication of millionaires threatens the downfall of republican institutions. When money controls legislation the people have lost their voice in the affairs of government. The question that is being asked to-day is, If the rich can make laws to take away the poor man's rights, why cannot the poor make laws to take away the rich man's money? Is confiscation the remedy for millionaires? There certainly must be found a remedy, or the days of democratic government are numbered.

A BOY'S PRAYER.—One of our Sunday school missionaries relates the following incident:—"A little boy in a family with which I am acquainted was just beginning to pray at night before going to bed. He had a great fear of dying, and would often pray that none of the family might die. His grandfather and older brother Sam teased him a great deal, and he was often quite angry at them for it. One night he was heard praying. His accustomed fear of death led him to say,—'O Lord. please do not let any of us die to-night. Please, Lord, if we must die, let us all die together; but if only two of us must die, let it be grandfather and Sam."

I leave it to others to speak of suffrage as a right or a privilege; I speak of it as a duty. . . What right have you women to leave all this work of caring for the country with men? Is it not your country as well as theirs? Are not your children to live in it after you are gone? And are you not bound to contribute whatever faculty God has given you to make it and keep it a pure, safe and happy land?—*James Freeman Clarke.*

THERE are no less than thirty different religious castes in India, and when the railroads were first established no two castes would ride in the same coach. The natives found it inconvenient, however, and now all sorts of castes mix up for a journey. offset it at the end by calling each other dogs and infidels.—Detroit Free Press.

VILE AND UNWOHTY

Of consideration are nostrums of which it is asserted—and there are many such—that they cure immediately bodily ailments of long standing. There are none such that can. Chronic disorders cannot be instantaneously removed. Continuity in the use of a genuine medicine, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will eradicate chronic physical evils. Not the least of these last in the force of its opposition to medicine is constipation, to the removal of which, if presisted in, the Bitters is particularly adapted. Constriction of the bowels is a complaint which should be dealt with early and systematically. So are its usual attendants, liver complaint and dyspepsia. For these, for malaria, rheumatism, kidney trouble, and more recently "lagrippe," this highly and professionally commended medicine is an undoubted specific. Nothing can exceed it, moreover, as a means of imparting strength to the feeble and nervous.

ALCOHOL.

"I believe, gentlemen, that alcohol, to a certain degree, demoralizes those who make it, and those who drink it. I believe that from the time it issues from the coiled and poisoned worm of the distillery till it empties into the hell of crime, dishonor, and death, it demoralizes all that touches it from its source to its end. I do not believe that anybody can contemplate the subject without becoming prejudiced against that liquor crime. All we have to do, gentlemen, is to think of the wretch upon either bank of the river of death—of the suicide—of the insanity—of the poverty—of the ignorance—of the destitution—of the children tugging at the faded dresses of weeping and despairing women crying for bread—of the men of genius it has wrecked—of the millions struggling with imaginary serpents produced by this devlish thing; and when you think of the jails, of the almshouses, of the asylums, of the prisons, and of the scaffolds upon either bank, I do not wonder that every thoughtful man is prejudiced against that damned stuff called alcohol."—[Ingersoll.

Loved ones say it.

"Restless, irritable, excitable, and exacting" is the charge against you by those nearest and dearest to you.

They don't know the horror that oppresses you.

Every hour pains run rampant through your body. You suffer secretly as long as you can, then go all to pieces and "don't care" what happens.

The iron grip of female disease is upon you.

Dear Sister, Lydia E. Pinkham's *"Vegetable Compound"* has cured thousands like you.

It kills the pain, and invigorates the system.

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Of course they will sister, because Papa painted the window with

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28, '92

The President, like his great predecessor, Abraham Lindoln, never crosses a bridge before he gets to it, and never allows himself to be stampeded by what is printed in sensational newspapers. It may be true, as alleged, that the French Government is through its agent in Central America encroaching upon rights claimed by the United States under the Monroe Doctrine, which, as aptly stated by Attorney General Miller, means that "no foreign power has the right to inteafere with the autonomy of any government upon the Western hemisphere, nor to interfere with the safe conduct of these governments. Foreign powers have not the right, nor will they be allowed, to assume posession of territory or to invoke the aid of arms, " in interferring with the management of the Panama railroad, which was built by American capitalists; but this government has a Minister in Central America for the special purpose of looking after our interests and until his report is made no official notice will be taken of these allegations. By virtue of a treaty between the Republic of New Grenada and the United States, which is still enforced and which cannot be affected by any change of ownership in the trans-Isthmus railroad, our citizens are given certain rights of traffic on that railroad and those rights will be maintained by this administration, by force if necessary. That's all there is to it.

Senator Chandler will head a crusade against immigration at the coming session of Congress, which has for its purpose the shutting out of all immigrants for a period of at least five years. The fight in Congress will be opened when the joint Senate and House immigration committe shall make its report, upon which it is now working, after spending many months investigating immigration. The national platform upon which Mr. Cleveland was elected is pledged against further restriction of immigration in these words "We condemn and denounce any and all attempts to restrict the immigration of the industrious and worthy of foreign lands," but that does not prevent many prominent democrats agreeing with Senator Chandler that there is need for a temporary if not a permanent stoppage of immigration.

Death is again hovering over the White House. This time it is Dr, Scott, the aged father of the late Mrs. Harrison who is waiting the summons to join his beloved daughter who has so recently "gone before". The physicians have informed the President that owing to Dr. Scott's age—he is past ninety-three—there is little or no hope of his recovery from his present illness, which dates from his trip to Indianapolis to see Mrs. Harrison buried. He may go off any hour or he may linger for several weeks.

Who ought to know best the condition of Mr. Blaine's health, his family and his physician, or the newspaper men who in obedience to orders from their editors are filling their papers with alarming and absurd stories about it? His family and his physician say that he is not seriously ill, and has not been seriously ill since his return to Washington, and I believe them. It is expected that Mr. Blaine will go to California in a few days to remain until spring.

General Rosecrans, who although a democrat has remained Register of the Treasury ever since he was appointed to that position by Mr. Cleveland, has made himself very solid with the clamorous horde of democratic office seekers, which has already made its appearance in Washington, by including in his annual report a tirade against the working of the Civil Service examination. The democratic feeling against this law, which they regard as the only barrier between them and the offices, is so strong that it will not be surprising if the democratic Congress makes the law a dead letter by intentionally failing to make an appropriation to carry it out. If they dared they would repeal it outright. but Mr. Cleveland has so often pledged himself in favor of the law that he could hardly afford to approve its repeal, although there is reason to believe that he would not be excessively grieved to see Congress neglect to make an appropriation for it.

Present indications are that there will be as bitter a fight among the democrats as to whether an extra session of Congress shall be called to smash the tariff as there will be over the tariff itself when the democratic Congress does get together, whether in extra or regular session. Feeling on the subject is already running high among democratic Senators and Representatives, but it is safe to predict that Mr. Cleveland's opinion will be backed by a great majority of the party; the loaves and fishes which he has to distribute make him temporarily powerful in his party.

PILES! PILES! ITCHING PILES.

Symptom—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelpha.

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MAY HAVE PRACTICAL RESULTS.

BRUSSELS, November 27.—It being now understood that the proposal which Alfred De Rothchild, of the British delegation will submit to the monetary conference is a well conceived and long throughout plan for an international monetary agreement, and not a mere project of air. A feeling of greater confidence has been created among the delegates that the conference will have practical results.

FRANCE'S LATEST SENSATION.

The French people are given to sensations, and M. Delahaye is a Socialist; nevertheless the charges made yesterday by him in the Chamber of Deputies of wholesale bribery and corruption in Panama Canal finances in all probability constitute the first chapter in what will prove to be one of the most startling exposures of legislative and administrative dishonesty on record.

The scene was stormy almost beyond parallel. The charge is that no less than 165 deputies have received bribes, as have newspapers and officials, to bolster up the bottomless claims of the defunct canal scheme, which has already buried in a hole in the ground the savings of the thrifty French peasantry to the extent of $250,000,000.

An inquiry was ordered by the deputies, but the large vote which endeavored to check investigation was ominous. The Carnot government is on the defensive, and will not go down without a vigorous effort to assert its purity. It was not long ago that Wilson, the son-in law of Grevy, was charged with gross misconduct The selling of decorations was the form official corruption then took. The guilty suffered in that instance, and if M. Delahaye's initial assault shall be followed up with forceful facts and equal candor, there promises to be a general wrecking of character among notables who have soiled their hands with bribes.

A FORTUNE FOR A BRIDE.

READING, Pa.—Last October Miss Dundore was married in St. John's Church, this city, to Abram L. Stahlnecker, both of this city. The wedding was largely attended. Among their marriage gifts was a silver service, presented by Henry C. Sands, a cotton broker of Alabama. Mr. Sands was a batchelor and a friend of the Dundore family, having frequently chaperond the pretty Dundore girls when on a visit to this city. The news leaked out to-day that the young bride, Mrs. Stahlnecker, had just fallen heir to a large fortune. When asked, Mrs. Stahlnecker without any hesitation, said:

"Yes, the report is true. Last Monday I received a telegram saying that a friend of our family, Mr. Sands, had died from a cancerous affliction. On Friday his New York lawyer, Mr. Wilcox, who is named as the executor in the will, came on to Reading and called upon us. He informed me that I had inherited the bulk of Mr. Sands' fortune, over $1,000,000 in Southern lands, bonds, cotton in warehouse, and other real and personal property. Mr. Sands' cousin, Miss South, in Philadelphia gets $100,000, my sister Ida $100,000, and my brother Lloyd $75,000. The will has been admitted to probate, and there is no trouble about it."

Mrs. Stahlnecker is the daughter of a well-known liveryman on Ash street. Her husband has a tailor store.

THE FRENCH IN DAHOMEY.

It is evidently true that Abomey. the capital of Dahomey on the west African coast, has fallen into the hands of the French. The natives have in many ways affronted the French, who have possessions in that part of the Dark Continent, and preparations to drive out King Behanzin have been going on for months. The only surprise is that the dusky population should leave their homes without battle.

Assuming that Behanzin has a sense of right and wrong, it may be said that he has only himself to blame for his downfall, for he has been merciless and most unscrupulous in dealing with foreigners. However hazy the question of justice in such cases, the occupation by a higher civilization of a country like Dahomey, the principal gate of whose capital is decorated with the grinning skulls of enemies bleaching on pole-tops, in the end must prove a very good thing for all concerned.

A SHOCKING DISCLOSURE.

A German woman has created a sensation in Berlin by publishing a book giving the result of her fourteen weeks' experience among the poorest classes of female factory hands in Germany. She shows a shocking state of misery and immorality, and has stirred up the government into the appointment of a commission to inquire into the abuses.

Cheap wages and cheap goods have done this for the working women of Germany. And the democratic party proposes to try this experiment of cheapness and nastiness in the United States.

One principal cause of the failure of so many magnificent schemes, social, political, religious, which have followed each other age after age, has been this; that in almost every case they have ignored the rights and powers of one-half the human race—viz., women. I believe that politics will not go right, that nothing human will ever go right, except in so far as woman goes right; and to make woman go right she must be put in her place, and he must have her rights.—*Charles Kingsley.*

His Aunt—What a lovely baby! And the living image of his father.

Little Elbridge—Say, mother, everybody always said that I took after pap. Now, if that pudge-faced lobster looks like him, too, they's a big mistake somewhere.—[Life.

HOPING IT MAY PROVE TRUE.

The report that Mr. Cleveland has made an effort to have Edward Murphy, the Troy jobber in street railway franchises, pulled off the track for United States Senator in the interest of the President-elect's personal selection, presumably William C. Whitney, is gratifying. Of course the story goes that Mr. Cleveland's request was met with a very icy refusal.

That has been the result of Mr. Cleveland's previous appeals to Tammany to have his wishes respected. It is worthwhile to remember that a case very similar to this marked the inception of Mr. Cleveland's career when it was attaining national proportions. He went so far as to ask the retirement by Tammany of a State Senatorial candidate named Grady on the ground of his personal comfort; and the result showed that Mr. Cleveland's personal comfort was the last thing for which Tammany has any care. The consequences since that have been that Tammany and Cleveland have not pulled together with any zest until they united for the purpose of the late campaign.

If Mr. Cleveland has requested Mr. Murphy's retirement it may be expected that the step will so arouse the spoils Democracy of New York as to insure the latter's election. But the matter would nevertheless be a very satisfactory one. It will mark the separation between the new administration and the Tammany element. The more radical and complete that rupture with the element of plunder and spoils, the better for the nation. Indeed such a rupture would be better for the public interest than the substitution of Mr. Whitney for Murphy. The principal difference between the two is one of gilding. Both represent the power of money and the connection of corporations in politics. Mr. Whitney is the more polished specimen of the two, and has already become more famous as the entertainer of almost Lucullan feasts in Washington; but of ability for disinterested and patriotic legislation each has about the same negative quantity.

It is not well to pin too much faith on the current stories about the President-elect, but we will hope that this one of an early split with the Hill-Tammany element may prove to be true.

PENNSYLVANIA'S VOTE.

The official vote from all the counties in the state has been received at the State department in Harrisburg, and by counties is as follows:

Counties.	*Harr'n*	*Clee'd*	*Bidw'l*
Adams	3 384	3 716	56
Allegheny	45 788	30 867	1 158
Armstrong	4 709	3 512	198
Beaver	5 890	3 822	322
Bedford	4 301	3 684	104
Berks	10 077	18 602	248
Blair	7 407	4 265	309
Bradford	8 132	4 080	526
Bucks	8 230	7 390	257
Butler	5 019	4 161	636
Cambria	6 020	6 259	122
Cameron	889	701	43
Carbon	3 179	3 541	113
Centre	3 698	4 624	316
Chester	10 982	7 850	901
Clarion	2 543	3 746	153
Clearfield	4 765	6 108	646
Clinton	5 573	3 075	183
Columbia	2 336	4 929	351
Crawford	7 152	6 166	729
Cumberland	4 520	5 446	282
Dauphin	11 010	7 520	596
Delaware	9 272	5 520	462
Elk	1 438	2 126	80
Erie	8 918	7 589	702
Fayette	6 859	7 508	393
Forest	938	660	108
Franklin	5 725	4 995	183
Fulton	918	1 210	20
Greene	2 126	3 977	127
Huntingdon	3 994	2 675	150
Indiana	4 559	2 134	308
Jefferson	4 100	3 251	416
Juniata	1 641	1 695	85
Lackawanna	10 729	10 351	999
Lancaster	20 126	10 326	683
Lawrence	4 385	2 336	449
Lebanon	5 403	3 400	301
Lehigh	7 089	9 699	213
Luzerne	14 118	15 734	1 299
Lycoming	5 736	7 532	899
McKean	3 594	2 843	464
Mercer	5 874	4 931	637
Mifflin	2 175	2 029	153
Monrae	1 020	3 078	48
Montgomery	13 591	13 611	447
Montour	1 108	1 877	51
Northampton	6 892	10 330	312
Northumberla'd	6 170	6 942	536
Perry	3 120	2 705	151
Philadelphia	116 685	84 470	1 309
Pike	477	1 150	23
Potter	2 315	1 699	135
Schulkill	11 426	13 679	200
Snyder	2 306	1 511	30
Somerset	4 670	2 262	206
Sullivan	873	1 269	82
Susquehanna	4 531	3 383	551
Tioga	6 706	2 921	347
Union	2 308	1 569	95
Venango	4 099	3 288	596
Warren	3 838	2 735	457
Washington	7 060	6 847	555
Wayne	2 690	2 915	433
Westmoreland	10 840	10 747	415
Wyoming	2 029	1 905	126
York	9 052	12 822	403
Total	516 011	452 264	25 123

In addition to the above Weaver had 8,714, and the Socialist Labor 898, making a grand total of 1,003,010 votes cast in the State of Pennsylvania. Harrison's plurality is 63,747, and his majority of all the votes cast 29,012.

LETTER LIST

Following are the letters uncalled for in the post-office, Bellefonte, Pa., Nov 28 1892

Mary Barger, J. N. Everts, Manda Frank Charles C. Glover, V. M. Kelley, (2) John L. Lakin, J. C. Shunk.

When called for please say advertised.

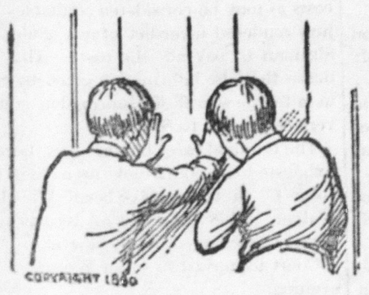
J. A. FIEDLER, P. M.

WHITELAW REID appears to be taking things philosophically. At the chamber of commerce banquet he told the story of the colored man who had buried his fourth wife, and, in answer to his pastor's consolations and solicitous inquiries about his feelings, replied:—"All I can say is, I am in the hands of an all-wise, a powerful and an unscrupulous Providence."—*Herald.*

—The Harry "Markham Comedy Company," which performed in Garman's opera house last week, is in Lock Haven this week. Mr. Markham during his stay here did not maintain the favorable impression he had created as the "leading man" with the Kittie Rhoades company last year, while his support throughout was poor. And of all the shows that ever visited Bellefonte there has never been any whose manager was so discourteous to the press.

The Tyrone hotel, now managed by Chas. N. Nau, located on Pennsylvania avenue, is about changing hands and will shortly be under the care and superintendence of Charles M. Waple, who for many years successfully conducted the Pennsylvania house.

"PICTURESQUE NEW YORK" is the subject of an illustrated article in the forthcoming Christmas number of the Century, by Mrs. Schuyler van Rensselaer. The illustrations will include a number of wood engraved reproductions of etchings.



Keep out disease by keeping in healthy action the liver, stomach and bowels. There's a pleasant and a sure way of doing it. It's with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're the best Liver Pill ever made, and a prompt and effective remedy for Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. They cleanse and renovate the system, quietly but thoroughly. They regulate the system, too—they don't upset it, like the old-fashioned pills. These are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. One "Pellet" a dose. They're the easiest to take, and the mildest in operation—the smallest in size, but the most efficient in their work.

They're the *cheapest* pill you can buy, because they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

You only pay for *the good* you get.

Can you ask more?

That's the *peculiar* plan all Dr. Pierce's medicines are sold on.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. ☞ GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 1yr

RUPTURE! Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer 821 Arch St. Phila. Pa. Ease at once. No operation or business delay. Thousands of cures. Dr. Mayer is at Hotel Penn, Reading, Pa., second Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free.

DO YOU WANT TO ADOPT A BABY?

Maybe you think this is a new business, sending out babies on application; it has been done before, however, but never have those furnished been so near the original sample as this one. Everyone will exclaim, "Well! that's the sweetest baby I ever saw!" This little black-and-white engraving can give you but a faint idea of the exquisite original,

"I'M A DAISY."

which we propose to send to you, transportation paid. The little darling rests against a pillow, and is in the act of drawing off its pink sock, the mate of which has been pulled off and flung aside with a triumphant coo. The flesh tints are perfect, and the eyes follow you, no matter where you stand. The exquisite reproductions of this greatest painting of Ida Waugh (the most celebrated of modern painters of baby life) are to be given to those who subscribe to Demorest's Family Magazine for 1893. The reproductions cannot be told from the original, which cost $400, and are the same size (17x22 inches). The baby is life size, and absolutely lifelike. We have also in preparation, to present to our subscribers during 1893, other great pictures by such artists as Percy Morgn, Maud Humphrey, Louis Deschamps, and others of world-wide renown. Take only two examples of what we did during the past year, "A Yard of Pansies," and "A White House Orchid" by the wife of President Harrison, and you will see what our promises mean.

Those who subscribe for Demorest's Family Magazine for 1893 will possess a gallery of exquisite works of art of great value, besides a Magazine that cannot be equaled by any in the world for its beautiful illustrations and subject matter, that will keep everyone posted on all the topics of the day, and all the fads and different items of interest about the household, besides furnishing interesting reading matter, both grave and gay, for the whole family; and while Demorest's is not a fashion Magazine, its fashion pages are perfect, and we give you, *free of cost*, all the patterns you wish to use during the year, and in any size you choose. Send in your subscription at once, only $2, and you will really get $3 in value. Address the publisher, Mme. Demorest, 15 East 14th St., New York. If you are unacquainted with the magazine, send 10 cents for a specimen copy

Mrs. Edward Myers.

Torturing Erysipelas.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES EVER REPORTED.

Mrs. Myers' Hand Amputated. Her Life Saved.

The case of Mrs. Edward Myers, of Athens, N. Y., furnishes an apt illustration of a woman's power of endurance. This lady had been treated for months in the usual way for **Erysipelas** of the hand, without benefit. Not until her hand had become a mass of **IT putrified flesh,** and her life **despaired** of, did she turn to **Dr. Kennedy,** proprietor of **FAVORITE REMEDY,** for help.

He at once informed her that he could **save her life,** but that it was impossible to save the hand—it must be amputated.

SAVED She received this terrible intelligence quietly, declined to take ether, stipulating merely to hold her husband's hand during the operation, and underwent the painful process without moving a muscle or uttering a groan.

Dr. Kennedy then gave **Favorite HER Remedy,** which drove the poisonous disease out of her system, cleansed the blood, and prevented the return of the **disease,** and she now lives and rejoices in her great deliverance.

Had **Dr. Kennedy** been called at any previous stage of the disease he would have at once **prescribed Favorite Remedy** and **LIFE Mrs. Myers** would not have had to undergo this terrible ordeal, as it would have **saved her hand.**

Are you reader, troubled with **Erysipelas** or any **eruption** of the **skin,** it may be **Erysipelas** in its incipient stage—**don't trifle with it a moment,** but use **Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, it will cure you, for it is**

DEATH TO ERYSIPELAS.

HAY FEVER

Relieved at once, and gradually taken out of the system by

DR HOXIE'S CERTAIN CROUP CURE

The greatest remedy known for the complete prevention and cure of Pneumonia, Diptheria, Croup, Catarrhal Colds, and Bronchitis. 50 cents.

A. P. HOXIE, Buffalo, N. Y., Mfgr. 36 4t

WANTED—Good Canvasser; salary and expenses from start: steady work: good chance for advancement. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. 36 3m.

EMPLOYMENT — TO WHOLESALE GOODS. Advertise and secure local Salesmen. Salary $50 to $100 per month. Expenses advanced. State salary wanted, also your preference for home work or traveling. Sloan & Co., Mfrs. 294 George St., Cincinnati, O. 30 2t

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Not like a BUSINESS COLLEGE
Not like a SHORTHAND COLLEGE
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Not like a TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, but THOROUGHLY and EMPHATICALLY

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DR. HOXSIE'S CERTAIN GROUP CURE.

Has a specific action upon the air passages to the lungs. It keeps them open, hence pneumonia, Congestive Colds, Hoarseness and tight barking cough yield at once to its wonderful curative powers. 50 cents. Sold by prominent druggists throughout the State.

WANTED at once SALESMEN in every county for our Choice Nursery Stock and new varieties of

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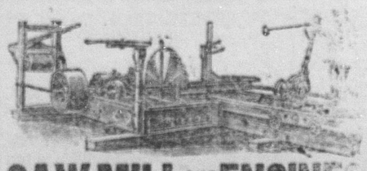

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A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds** and **Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage three times as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; **great saving in power** and **wear.** Write for circulars and prices; furnished free upon application. Also **Spring Tooth Harrows, Hay Rakes, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Manfrs., YORK, PA.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

VIOLA CREAM

The Chain of evidence is now complete—that DR. HEBRA'S VIOLA CREAM is the only preparation that positively does all that is claimed for it. It removes Freckles, Liver-moles, Blackheads, Pimples, Tan, and all imperfections of the skin, without injury. A few applications will render a rough or red skin soft, smooth and white. It is not a cosmetic to cover defects, but a cure, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Price 50c. At druggists; or sent by mail. Send for testimonials.

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November 16. 890.

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READ UP		STATIONS.	READ DOWN	
No 35	No 41		No 32	No 38
P. M.				P M
1 35		....Gazzam....		2 25
1 27		....Kerrmoor....		2 33
1 18		....New Millport....		2 49
1 10		....Olanta....		2 47
1 00		....Mitchells....		2 56
12 20	P M		A M	
12 00	9 15	....Clearfield....	7 00	3 50
11 41	8 55	....Woodland....	7 19	3 59
11 34	8 48	....Bigler....	7 26	4 07
11 28	8 43	....Wallaceton....	7 42	4 13
10 35	L 7 50		L 7 25	L 3 55
11 30	A 8 45	....Philipsburg....	A 8 20	A 4 50
11 05	8 20	....Munsons....	7 55	4 25
10 42	7 55	....Peale....	8 21	4 51
10 17	7 33	....Gillintown....	8 44	5 14
10 09	7 25	....Snow Shoe....	8 52	5 22
9 02	6 27	....Beech Creek....	9 46	6 27
8 47	6 12	....Mill Hall....	10 00	6 43
8 41	7 07	....Lock Haven....	10 08	6 52
8 22	5 57	....Wayne....	10 15	7 03
8 10	5 35	....Jersey Shore....	10 25	7 25
7 55	5 00	....Williamsport....	11 10	8 00
A. M.	P M		A M	P M
A. M.	P M		A M	P M
7 15	2 56	....Williamsport....	11 55	11 00
11 30	11 32	....Philadelphia....	4 05	6 50
	10 08	New York via Easton	5 50	.....
7 30	8 35	New York via Phila.	8 50	9 30
P M	A M		P M	A M

ADDITIONAL TRAINS.—Clearfield Accommodation leaves Gazzam at 8.30 a m and 6.05 p m, arriving at Clearfield at 10.15 a m and 7.38 p m.

Gazzam Accommodation leaves Clearfield at 6.10 a m and 4.00 p m, arriving at Gazzam at 8.00 a m and 5.30 p m.

Sleeping car on Through Express, both ways between Williamsport and Philadelphia (Ninth and Green street station) daily except Sunday.

CONNECTIONS—At Gazzam with stages to and from Ansonville, Berwinsdale and Bell's Gap Railroad. At Clearfield with stages to and from DuBois and Penfield. At Jersey Shore with Pine Creek Division of Fall Brook Railway. At Williamsport with Philadelphia and Reading Railroad for all points East.

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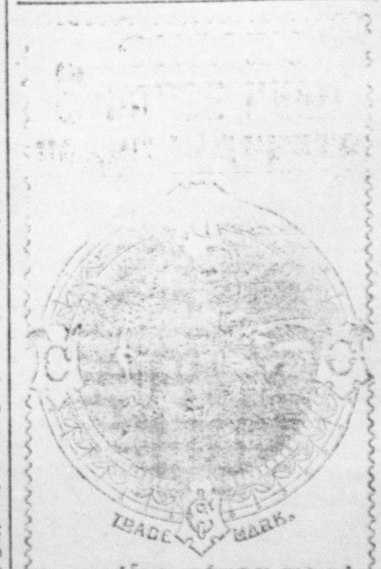

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FREE A Sample of Electric Liniment GIVEN AWAY at GREEN'S PHARMACY. 46-4t

Bellefonte Republican,

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—"Held in Slavery."

—At the opera house next Tuesday evening, the great nautical play, "Held in Slavery."

—A christian endeavor society was organized at the Reformed church last Sunday evening.

—When you want groceries go to the Eureka Grocery, High Street, Bellefonte, next door to Post office.

—S. D. Ray, Esq., our Bellefonte tax collector, with his wife and children spent Thanksgiving at Lock Haven.

—A Hastings club has been formed by the boys of Bellefonte, It is said they are joining irrespective of party.

—A young lady has come to the happy home of Robert McKnight, Jr., to stay for a long time everybody hopes. The mother is doing well.

—Mr. W. B. Maitland, as is his usual custom, furnished each one of the employees in his boiler works with a nice fat turkey for Thanksgiving.

—Miss Sadie Roan, of Coleville, will entertain a number of her friends at the residence of J. H. Holter. A bounteous banquet will be served at 9 o'clock.

—It is now authoritatively stated that the Bellefonte Furnace company will start up its works early in the new year. This will be good news to Bellefonters.

—Were you surprised to wake up last Monday morning and find that instead of being whirled into space by the comet that you were still an inhabitant of this good old earth.

—The Undine Hose Companie's first annual ball Thanksgiving eve in the Arcade was a grand success. The receipts were $70.25 the money will go to the benefit of the company.

—The Presbyterian fair opens to day to continue for three days. Everybody is invited to call whether they buy or not. It is held in the chapel. The proceeds go to swell the organ fund.

—Last Friday evening was the date for the holding of inquisitions at the Sheriff's office, and three properties were passed upon, two of which were extended and the other one condemned.

—Deer seem to be plentier this year than usual. Within the last two weeks there have been no less than twelve of the fleet-footed animals brought to Bellefonte, a pile of venison that would weigh almost a ton.

—The many friends of Col. D. S. Keller will be glad to know that his health is much improved since he went south and that if the favorable symtoms continue he will return in the spring a perfectly well man.

—A fashionable kind of beggary is that of some of the cultured young ladies who go around with a dime savings bank, and as they coyly show it to their young gentlemen friends they cannot resist, so the dimes drop in. This is a sure if not a good way to make money.

—Cards are out for a wedding in the German Reformed church at Zion on Tuesday evening, Dec. 8. The guilty parties are Miss M. Belle Rupert, daughter of J. P. Rupert, of Zion, and Mr. Elliot Bogert, of Geneva, New York. "May they live long and be happy."

—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Eckley, of Bald Eagle Furnace, called at the *Republican* office last Friday. We was sorry to learn of his sad loss in the burning of his home, with all its contents even to their clothing and no insurance. Mr. Eckley is rail road division foreman at that place.

—The Sweeney, Alvido, Gorman and Goetze minstrel troupe exhibited in Garman's opera house last night. The Messrs owners have greatly improved their show since their last appearance in Bellefonte, and it now ranks as one of the Finest aggregations of minstrelsy now on the road.

—A week ago last Friday, Charles E. Wilson, son of George and Mary E. Wilson, died at his home near Loveville, after an illness of two weeks, the cause of his death was diphtheria. He was about six years old, was a bright and promising lad. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved parents in their sad loss.

—It is said that one thousand persons have left Bellefonte within the past year. About two weeks ago Lawrence Fusser and John Myers with their families moved to Kane, Pa. In these two families were fifteen persons. If this condition of things continue Bellefonte will be entitled to the reputation of a quiet country village.

—The Centre county Teachers Institute will be held in the Court House during the week beginning Monday, December 26, and continue five days. County Superintendent Gramley has made preparations to have an able corps of instructors and lecturers. Myers famous Orchestra will furnish music during the institute.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

What Has Been Done in Centre's Temple of Justice.

The court for the trial of criminal cases was opened Monday morning, Judges Furst and Riley on the bench. Judge Rhoads being sick his place was vacant. It was said that there were forty-eight criminal cases to be considered but many of them will fail to get past the grand jury and others will be settled. Bertram Galbraith, the venerable court crier who, to our personal knowledge, has opened the courts of Centre county for over a quarter of a century, was not able to be present on account of sickness and that duty was assigned to 'Squire Samuel Foster who performed it with proper dignity. Harry Keller, Esq., presented a petition for injunction on estate of Samuel Moore, dec'd, also one on estate of Wm. White, deceased, of Burnside township.

A review was asked by certain citizens of College township upon what is known as "certain roads." After some deliberation the court appointed as reviewers Caleb Kephart, Joseph Marshall and ex-Sheriff Shaffer: W. F. Reeder and Clemen Dale were the attorneys.

John G. Love, Esq., asked for the appointment of guardian by jury of Virginia Reese, Ella Reese and others.

C. M. Bower, Esq., presented a petition for enlargement of sale in the estate of Mr Bechdel for confirmation of private sale by A. Kohlbecker to William Shawley, of the estate of Margaret Reeder. Petition of Frederick Royer, asking order to sell real estate to pay debts and legacies.

John Kline, Esq,, presented articles of incorporation of St. Marks Lutheran church at Pleasant Gap. Geo. W. Ziegler, Esq., presented petition of R. McCloskey for the adoption of Rosa Appleton, a child seven years old to take the name of McCloskey. Harry Kline asked for a peddler's license, granted.

John B. Linn, Esq., presented petition of Benjamin F. Hoy, guardian, for private sale of property of the late Christion Hoatz to Jacob B. Bay.

H. Y. Stitzer asked for a receiver to lay out a road in Spring township from the present public road to Roopsburg to the road leading across Halfmoon hill. It extends through lands of Mrs. Bush.

The grand jury was sworn at 11.45 o'clock William M. Allison, of Spring Mills, was appointed foreman. The Judge charged the jury and they retired. Court adjourned to 1.30 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The first case was Commonwalth vs. Thomas Toner, in which the defendant pleaded guilty, May J. Bryan, prosecutrix. Sentenced to pay a fine of twenty-five dollars and to remain in the custody of Sheriff until the sentence was complied with.

Mrs. Benjamin Bradley, Jr., vs. Benjamin Bradley, Jr,, desertion. Mrs. Bradley testified that they were married on August 2, that he deserted her 3 months ago. Benjamin Bradley, Jr., testified that he was 19 years old, a carpenter by trade, that he earned $10.50 per week. He also testified to his marriage. He was sentenced to pay cost of prosecution and two dollars a week towards the maintenance of his wife. It has been said that this young couple would have got along well together if it had not been for the interference of others. Perhaps it is not our place to moralize in giving these court news but we will digress enough to say that from the observations of a moderately long life we have never known any man to prosper who failed to deal justly with the wife who he had promised to love, cherish and protect.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Gingher; the defendant was charged with publishing a libel against John Zimmerman, of Milesburg, by reducing to writing a defamatory statement referring to John Zimmerman and Miss Belle Campbell. The statement was sworn to before Squire Green. Several witnesses were called who corroborated the facts. The defendant said that everyone to whom he talked advised him to make the affidavit. The court briefly defined the law of libel and gave the case to the jury. The jury were out but a short time when they returned a verdict that the defendant was guilty in manner and form as indicted.

Commonwealth vs. Lucien McLaughlin, larceny of a lamp from the railroad company. Mr. Stonerode, the station agent at Milesburg, was the prosecutor. The defendant said he was drunk and in jumping from the train dislodged the lamp; that he carried it away and left it with an operator further along the line. The case did not go to the jury, but he was left in the care of the Sheriff until Tuesday morning. Court adjourned to 9 o'clock Tuesday a. m.

TUESDAY MORNING.

Court convened at 9 o'clock.

John W. O'Connor vs. David Roarbach assault and battery. The parties live at Eagleville. Roarbach accused O'Connor of stealing his wood; he met him on the road when O'Connor said to him: "I understand you say I took your wood;" to which Roarbach answered "Yes," and then attack him. Witnesses were examined. Clement Dale assisted the District Attorney in this case. The case was given to the jury and verdict against Roarbach rendered of guilty of assault and battery. Sentenced to pay a fine of $10.00, cost of prosecution and 25 days in jail.

Commonwealth vs. William Richards, a case of larceny by bailee, H. H. Harshberger attorney for defendant. The court thought this case should not have been allowed to take up the time of the court In this case there was only one can of fruit in the controversey, worth about 30 cents. William Richards, the defendant, was found guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Daniel Slutman, a case of false pretense. In this case it seems some officers were here on the hunt of a horse thief from Huntingdon county. Slutman pretended to know where the man was and offered to tell the officer for five dollars which was at last paid but the information led the officers on a false trail, Slutman afterwards acknowledgde he had done wrong. Several witnesses were examined Slutman lives in Harris township, before this case was finished court adjourned at 2 o'clock P. M.

In the afternoon the case against Slutman was resumed several witnesses were examined among whom was the defendant in his testimony he admitted about what was charged against him the attorneys made their pleas and the Judge charged the jury. He said that in this case it was information and not value of property which was the subject of deception the case would hardly warrant a conviction but he thought Mr. Irvin, did right to bring the prosecution. The verdict must be not guilty with such disposition of costs as may be considered equitable. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty but Slutman to pay all the cost. This will make the false information given by Slutman to the sheriff of Huntingdon county very expensive to Slutman

The criminal cases having now become exhausted the court took up a civil suit John C. Motz vs. Ex-Sheriff W. Miles Walker. This was a suit to recover back illegal fees charged by the sheriff.

Court adjourned to seven o'clock in the evening.

In the evening case of John C. Motz vs. W. Miles Walker resumed. The contest seemed to be as to overcharges for printing for one thing the bill was $120,05 On the *Watchman* books Mr. Walker had credit by an error of $17,50. In his testimony he had no recollection of this credit He supposed he was only paying the regular rate of 20 cents per line. It was also in evidence that in selling five tracts he charged for five separate sale which the court said he could not do unless he actually had five separate sales, in this case the five tracts were sold at one sale. The court also said that the law only allowed $2,70 for printing bills the over charge was made out to be $33,05 with interest from August 3, 1887. The case was given to the jury and court adjourned to 9 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Court convened promptly. Jury on case of John C. Motz vs. W. Miles Walker were ready with their verdict which was against Walker in the sum of $58.31.

Commonwealth vs. William Charles, Miss Annie Hoover the prosecutrix. The parties live in Milesburg Testimony was introduced giving several parties who might have been father of the child. The defendant denied any participation or responsibility for the affair. The commonwealth tried hard to establish a case but with poor success; the girl is said not to be very bright Edith Mitchel asked that James Duck be appointed her guardian.

William R. Peebles, Esq., was admitted to practice in the courts of Centre Co.

T. T. Ingraham vs. Beech Creek Rail-Road Company, to recover the value of a cow killed on the railroad. The cow was said to be worth $35.00. Several witnesses were examined; an effort was made to prove that the cow was not Ingrahams, or that it might not have been. The defendent moved non-suit because of failure to prove the ownership of the cow. The plaintiff pleads surprise, the case was continued at their expense.

Mary Lucas and Ollie Watkins had brought action for assault and battery against each other; the cases were ignored by the grand jury. The court sentenced the women to pay the cost in each case and to stand committed until the sentence was complied with.

The grand jury having completed all cases before them proceeded to examine the public buildings.

A jury was sworn in the case of E. A. Glenn & Co., against William Wolf, to recover money on an account for goods. E. A. Glenn & Co., transacted business in Centre Hall, J. Q. A. Kennedy being the manager.

Court adjourned until 2 o'clock p. m.

—It is an established fact and one to be regretted that even among the reputable managers, the advertisements used to herald the attractions they represent in many cases contain glaring announcements and pictorial lithographs of sensational effects which are never produced on the stage. A nautical melodrama, entitled "Held in Slavery," is an exceptional case. It is positively stated by critics and theatre-goers who have seen the play that all of the elaborate scenery and dramatic incidents shown on the advance printing and contained in the newspaper notices are presented on the stage exactly as advertised. Manager Al. S. Garman, of the opera house, has been assured that the company is worthy of patronage and under the circumstances "Held in Slavery" will be well received in this city. Will be here Tuesday evening, December 6th.

—For a short time since last Thursday the Centre county jail has been without a prisoner but the court will no doubt grind out some this week.

A FATAL ACCIDENT AT BELLEFONTE STATION.

Last Thursday evening Henry Estrict of Snow Shoe Intersection, was at the Bellefonte depot at the time the 5 20 train arrived. He is a man about sixty three years old when the trains are on time there are two of them at the station and persons not accustomed to being there might become confused. The Lock Haven train was coming up to the station the engine running backwards, Mr. Estrict started to cross the track in front of the coming train and was struck and thrown down he was turned over several times and his arm crushed to a jelly. The engineer reversed his engine put on the air brake and stopped with remarkable suddenness but not soon enough to save the unfortunate man who together with his wounded arm was otherwise badly bruised and had the train moved two feet further he would have been cut intwo as his body was now laying exactly across the rail. He was taken by sympathizing spectators of the accident to the Bush House where the proprietor Mr. N. L. Daggett, furnished a room and lent every assistance possible to the unfortunate sufferer Dr. Harris was called and when he found how badly the the man was hurt he called to his assistance Dr's Seibert and Dobbins, it was decided to amputate the arm and it was taken off near the shoulder. Mr. Estrict's wife and son were informed by telegraph of the accident an I were soon at the bedside of the dying man who spent a night of extreme suffering and died at quarter of five o'clock Friday morning. The body was placed in charge of an undertaker to be prepared for removal and was taken home on Friday morning train. The deceased leaves a wife and family two of his sons are in the employ of the Penna. R. R.

MOSHANON ITEMS.

I. T. Lucas & Son, the enterprising merchants and dealers in lumber and shingles are erecting a large grist mill on their grounds. The mill is to be fitted up with the roller system and they will no doubt turn out as good flour as any mill in Centre county. We wish them complete success in their new enterprise.

The Presbyterians of our town, held a grand festival in their church on the evening of the 19th inst, which proved a great success, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather prevailing at the time. Mr. T. D. Weaver, one of the church elders and a trustee of the church submitted a statement to the congregation last Sabbath showing the receipts clear of all expenses to be about forty dollars.

Lucy, a little daughter of Mr. T. E. Fleming, of this village, met with quite a serious and painful accident a short time ago. She fell on a sharp ended stick of candy striking her in the eye and penetrating the eye ball. It is thought that she may loose the sight of the injured member, but we hope not.

T. S. Weaver, the Lehigh Valley Coal companies carpenter was seen in our town nearly every evening last week. He evidently was full of festival business, he being one of the principal persons in that work. One thing is certain viz., he means busness when he goes at anything.

Everythlng seems quiet since the election. So it ought.

—The funeral of Mrs. Catherine Aikey, of Spring township, whose death has been announced in the *Republican*, took place from her residence in Spring township on Thursday morning Nov., 17, at ten o'clock The pall bearers were six of her grand sons viz. Herman Aikey, William Glenn, Herbert Aikey, Wm. Struble, Benjamin Aikey and George Aikey, The services were conducted by Rev. Leidy, of the Methodist church. She was buried at Curtin cemetery. Her maiden name was Catherine Brickel. She was born in Northumberland county, and at the time of her death was 75 years old. She had been married to Benjamin Aikey fifty-four years and had had nine children, four sons and five daughters, all but two are living, one son and one daughter having passed away. She had fifty nine grand children, forty five living and fourteen dead and twelve great grand children, ten of whom are still living. She had been an invalid for about four years but was a patient sufferer. She was a faithful christian wife and mother and died in a full hope of a blessed immortality.

DEATH OF BERTRAM GALBRAITH.

On Wednesday evening, at 7-45 o'clock, Bertram Galbraith, who has been court crier for the court of Centre county for thirty-five years, breathed his last. He was eighty-two years old would have been eighty-three the last of may. He was born in Centre county and has lived here all his life. He has been a prominent member af Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., ever since its organization and will be buried on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The funeral will be under the charge of the Odd Fellows. As his death occurs just as we are going to press we cannot give an extended notice with full particulars; will give fuller details next week.

—Another incendiary fire was started at a stable in the rear of James Schofield's harness shop. The stable is occupied by Frank Naginey. It was discovered before much damage was done. This is the third or fourth time a fire has been started in this neighborhood. Something certainly ought to be done to put a stop to this kind of work. There is no doubt but there is a determined effort being made to fire that part of the town and if something is not done in earnest it will finally be successful.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS

Last week Thursday squire P. W. Barnhart, of Boggs township united in marriage Mr. Ira Packer and Miss Nancy Confer both of Boggs township.

Charles Pierce, who was a law student in Bellefonte about four years ago but migrated to the State of Oregon to engage in the lumber business at which he has met with fair success, visited friends in Bellefonte last week.

Mrs. Lane, mother of Mr. Jno. Lane who has been spending several months in Philadelphia and Lancaster, returned to eat her Thanksgiving dinner with her son's family in this place. Mr. Elliott Lane was also present.

The Christian endeavor society of the Presbyterian church of this place a membership of eighty persons. This is a society which is doing much good and the meetings are well attended each Sabbath eve. On Sunday evening last Mr. Charlie Bosner led the meeting in a very able manner.

Last Thursday evening, there was a wedding at the home of William Poorman at Coleville. The parties were Miss Maud Poorman and Charles Hartsock. There were thirty five invited guests, Rev. Leidy of the Methodist church performed the ceremony after which an elegant repast was served.

Miss Nell Anderson, daughter of John Anderson gave a birth day party last Friday evening to her numerous friends a choice banquet was served at ten o'clock, many presents were presented by guests and a very pleasant time enjoyed by all until twelve o'clock when all went home wishing for a renewal of same occasion next year.

Mr. Jay Woodcock, who has left his pin feather days behind him and blossomed forth into what the girls all call a very fine looking young man, is at home again after an absence of two weeks. During this time he has been taking in the sights at Philadelphia, and at Princeton College, with his brother Lee Woodcock, also making a trip to New York City, where he spent Thanksgiving day taking in the foot ball game.

About one o'clock last Saturday morning another death occured in Bellefonte from diptheria at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Snyder, who live on north Allegheny street, Gilbert Snyder a lad nine years old had been sick and was thought to be out of danger when the decease took a turn for the worse and he died suddenly. The funeral was same day Saturday morning and of course was strictly private. Mr. and Mrs. Snyder have two other children but they were not at home having been sent away as soon as Gilbert was taken sick.

Last week the families of Mr. John Myers and Mr. Lawrence Fusser, numbering about fifteen persons, shook the dust of Bellefonte from their feet and journeyed to Kane, McKean county, where they expet to make their future homes, as Messrs Myers and Fusser have lucrative situations in the glass works at that place. Mrs. Myers was accompanied by her two charming daughters, Misses Lena and Lillie Beezer. The latter will probably remain in Kane but Miss Lena, who for almost two years has been one of the efficient compositors in the REPUBLICAN office, will return in a week or so, which fact will doubtless make more than one masculine heart beat the faster.

A grand hop was given by class 93, at State College last Friday evening, several young persons from Bellefonte were present the Stopper and Fisk orchestra of Williamsport, furnished the music among the guests present from a distance were: Miss Rachel Humes, Miss Mary Hepburn Mrs. Jennie Brown, and Mr. and Mrs. George Tone, of Jersey Shore; Miss McCombre, of Tyrone; Charles and James Aull, Witner Martin, Alex. Patterson, Walter Mitchell, Walter Stevenson, and Mrs. Normicutt of Pittsburg; Harry Layden, of Chicago; Mrs. Thatcher, of Pueblo Colorado; Stella Nolan, of Snow Shoe; Col. and Mrs. Roberts and party, of West Chester; Miss Holt, of Philipsburg; Miss Hemphill, of Altoona; Messrs. Furst, Hayes and Armstrong, of Lock Haven; Misses Hale and Wort, and Mr. Devoe, of Philipsburg.

MARRIED.

YARNELL—HEATON—At Snow Shoe Intersection, on November 17, 1892, by Rev. J Zeigler, Jacob Yarnell, to Sarah M. Heaton, both of Boggs township, Centre County. Pa.

WOOMER—LEATHERS.—On the 24th inst. by Rev. J. F. Tallhelm, at the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Woomer. Miss Alice Jennie Woomer, of Marsh Creek, and Mr. Henry E. Leathers, of Howard.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Geo. L. Goodhart and others, commissioners, to J. C. Williams, lot of ground in Rush township. Deed dated April 13, 1892.

Geo. L. Goodhart and others, commissioners, lot of ground in Rush township. Deed datad April 13, 1892.

John Rote and wife to Margaret T. Rote and others, lot of ground in Penn township. Deed dated May 31, 1892. Consideration, $1.

Thomas H. Forcey, survex'r, to G. F. Hoop, lot of ground in Rush township. Deed dated October 1, 1892.

John R. Leech, by his attorney in fact to Emma L. Auman, lot of ground in Potter township. Deed made April 2, 1892. Consideration, $1337.50.

Geo. M. Boal, administrator, to Emma L. Auman, lot of ground in Potter township. Deed made April 2, 1892.

Daniel W. Zeigler and wife to Frances Zerby, lot of ground in Gregg township. Deed dated August 3, 1892. Consideration, $15.

Daniel W. Zeigler and wife to Frances Zerby, lot of ground in Gregg township. Deed made August 3, 1892. Considera tion $685.

John Stancey and wife to R. J. and J. M McCurdy, lot of ground in Rush township. Deed dated April 27, 1891.

Elizabeth Booth and others to Sarah P. Biddle and others, lot of ground in Ferguson township. Deed dated September 25, 1870. Consideration, $155.

Sarah P. Biddle and others to John T. McCormick, lot of ground in Ferguson township. Deed dated March 31, 1892. Consideration, $300.

James C. Williams and wife to Dr. G. F. Hoop, lot of ground in Rush township. Deed dated November 18, 1892. Consideration, $2,000.

J. D. Parsons to Daniel Hall, lot of ground in Huston township. Deed dated November 12, 1892. Consideration, $3,500

UNIONVILLE ITEMS.

The Republicans have pretty well recovered from their recent shock and think they will have to attend the protracted meeting now in progress here and get religion before starting up Salt river so they will be proof against the defiled quarters up there. The prohibitionists stand back now and cry "we have killed the bear" because by their assistance the Republicans were defeated.

The interest and progress of our public schools are being very much retarded by the evening diversions of the pupils—too many irons in the fire at once.

The new siding put in by the R. R. Co., is nearing completion.

L. B. Bathurst's new house near the depot is under roof and closed up so the plasterers can work.

Mrs. J. F. Stover is quite ill from the affects of a bad cold.

Mr. Orvis Peters who recently secured a position as breakman on the B. E. Valley R. R. met with an accident a few days ago while coupling cars by having the thumb on his right hand torn off.

O. G. Musser and family have moved to Bellwood Blair Co. where he has a position in a plaining mill.

Miss Cora Fisher, has gone to Clearfield Co., to visit friends. J.

—The Presbyterians are making great preparation for a grand musical treat when their great organ comes and is placed in position in the church. It will be placed in the recess formerly occupied by the preacher which is large enough to hold a very large instrument. As we have said this organ will be the largest and the finest in the county. It is proposed to have an organ recital on the evening of December 22, two nights before christmas. Judge A. O. Furst and E. M. Blanchard, Esq. have charge of the affair; they have secured the services of Prof. Strong, who is organist in Dr. Colfelt's church of Philadelphia, who is said to be one of the best performers on that kind of an instrument in the country. He will be assisted by the organist of the church, Mr. George Brandon. They have also secured the services of a fine soprano singer from Philadelphia who will sing several solos; also Mr. George Ford, a first class bass singer from same city. These stars, with first class local talent, of which Mr. Evan Blanchard and J. C. Meyer and wife will form a part, will comprise a combination of talent that with the fine instrument will render one of the finest musical entertainments ever given in Bellefonte.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

James W. McFarland, of Tyrone, to Ida J. McClincey, of Milesburg.

John Tressler to Sarah Lucas, both of Benner township.

William S. Tate and Jennie M. Archey of Pine Grove Mills.

James C. Stevens to Edith E. Miller both of Half Moon township.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE